

# Integration of Google BigQuery with SAS® Analytics Pro in Docker Container on Cloud Environment

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## ABSTRACT

SAS® Analytics for Containers provides the option to deploy SAS® Analytics within container-enabled infrastructures, including Docker and Kubernetes, which are often run in the cloud. Aiming to analyze massively large data from Google BigQuery through SAS® in containerized environment, we have integrated Google BigQuery with SAS® 9.4 Analytics Pro in Docker Container on Google Cloud Environment. This paper guides you through the process of configuring SAS® Access to BigQuery in containerized SAS® Application and validation steps for the same.

## INTRODUCTION

BigQuery is a RESTful web service that enables interactive analysis of massively large datasets working in conjunction with Google Storage. It is an Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) that may be used complementarily with MapReduce. For the benefits of SAS® programmers, who wants to use the analytics feature of SAS® with Google BigQuery in cloud native environment this type of configuration will be useful.

One should have a working knowledge of the following to integrate Google BigQuery with SAS® 9.4 Analytics Pro in Docker container.

- SAS® installation and configuration
- Linux operating system and commands
- Docker Installation and CLI
- Google cloud platform on which the SAS® container can run.

## DOCKER INSTALLATION GUIDE

### DOWNLOAD THE PACKAGE

- Go to [https://download.docker.com/linux/centos/7/x86\\_64/stable/Packages/](https://download.docker.com/linux/centos/7/x86_64/stable/Packages/) and download the .rpm file for the Docker version docker-ce-18.03.1.ce-1.el7.centos.x86\_64.rpm to install.
- Place the rpm in the target path of the server before install.

## UNINSTALL OLD VERSIONS (IF ANY)

Older versions of Docker were called docker or docker-engine. If these are installed, uninstall them, along with associated dependencies.

```
yum remove docker \  
    docker-client \  
    docker-client-latest \  
    docker-common \  
    docker-latest \  
    docker-latest-logrotate \  
    docker-logrotate \  
    docker-selinux \  
    docker-engine-selinux \  
    docker-engine
```

## INSTALL DOCKER

Install Docker CE, changing the path below to the path where you downloaded the Docker package.

```
$ sudo yum install /path/to/docker-ce-18.03.1.ce-1.el7.centos.x86\_64.rpm
```

## START DOCKER

Start the docker container by below mentioned command

```
$ sudo systemctl start docker
```

## VALIDATION

Verify that docker is installed correctly by running the hello-world image.

```
$ sudo docker run hello-world
```

## INTERGRATION OF SAS® WITH GOOGLE BIGQUERY

## DOWNLOAD THE SIMBA AND UNIX ODBC DRIVERS

- Download the Simba drivers for Google BigQuery <https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/partners/simba-drivers/> (ODBC driver releases 2.1.20.1025)
- Download the UnixODBC (<http://www.unixodbc.org/download.html> )
- Once downloaded, put the ODBC driver in any path.

## UNTAR BOTH THE ODBC DRIVER

```
mkdir /usr/local/SASDocker
```

```
tar -xvzf SimbaODBCDriverforGoogleBigQuery64_2.1.11.1011.tar.gz -C /opt  
chown root:root simba/ -R
```

```
tar -xvzf unixODBC-2.3.7.tar.gz -C /opt  
chown root:root unixODBC-2.3.7 -R
```

## INSTALL UNIX ODBC AND COPY SIMBA ODBC DRIVER

### Go to unixODBC directory

```
cd /opt/unixODBC-2.3.7
```

### Install unixODBC

```
./configure --prefix=/usr/local/SASDocker/unixODBC --  
sysconfdir=/usr/local/SASDocker/unixODBC/etc  
make  
make install
```

### Export the following paths

```
export ODBCINI=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup/odbc.ini  
export ODBCINSTINI=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup/odbcinst.ini
```

```

export ODBCHOME=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup

export
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64:/usr/lib:/usr:/lib:/usr
/local/lib:/usr/lib64:/opt/unixODBC/lib

export
SIMBAGOOGLEBIGQUERYODBCINI=${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}:/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/l
ib/64/simba.googlebigqueryodbc.ini

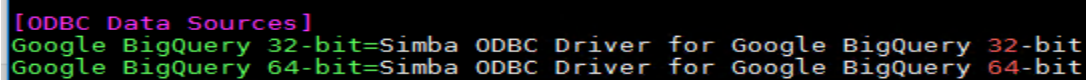
export
SIMBAINI=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64/simba.googlebigqueryodbc.ini

export ODBCSYSINI=$ODBCHOME

```

## Get the Refresh Token

Open /opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup/odbc.ini file and go to [Google BigQuery 64-bit] or [Google BigQuery 32-bit] based on your requirement.



```

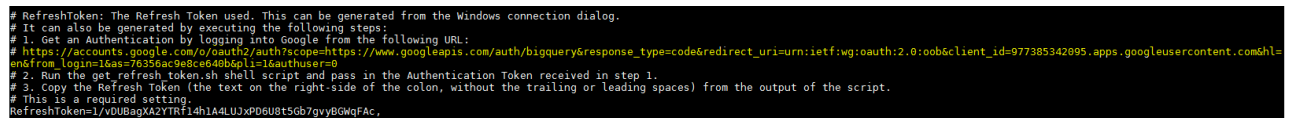
[ODBC Data Sources]
Google BigQuery 32-bit=Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery 32-bit
Google BigQuery 64-bit=Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery 64-bit

```

Figure 1. Display for odbc.ini

## Copy the URL and login with credentials to get the token

[https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?scope=https://www.googleapis.com/auth/bigquery&response\\_type=code&redirect\\_uri=urn:ietf:wg:oauth:2.0:oob&client\\_id=977385342095.apps.googleusercontent.com&hl=en&from\\_login=1&as=76356ac9e8ce640b&pli=1&authuser=0](https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?scope=https://www.googleapis.com/auth/bigquery&response_type=code&redirect_uri=urn:ietf:wg:oauth:2.0:oob&client_id=977385342095.apps.googleusercontent.com&hl=en&from_login=1&as=76356ac9e8ce640b&pli=1&authuser=0)



```

# RefreshToken: The Refresh Token used. This can be generated from the Windows connection dialog.
# It can also be generated by executing the following steps:
# 1. Get an Authentication by logging into Google from the following URL:
# https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?scope=https://www.googleapis.com/auth/bigquery&response_type=code&redirect_uri=urn:ietf:wg:oauth:2.0:oob&client_id=977385342095.apps.googleusercontent.com&hl=en&from_login=1&as=76356ac9e8ce640b&pli=1&authuser=0
# 2. Run the get_refresh_token.sh shell script and pass in the Authentication Token received in step 1.
# 3. Copy the Refresh Token (the text on the right-side of the colon, without the trailing or leading spaces) from the output of the script.
# This is a required setting.
RefreshToken=1/vDUBagXA2YTRf14h1A4LUJxP06U8T5Gb7gvyBGkqFAC,

```

Figure 2. Display for odbc.ini

## Allow accessory to BigQuery tools

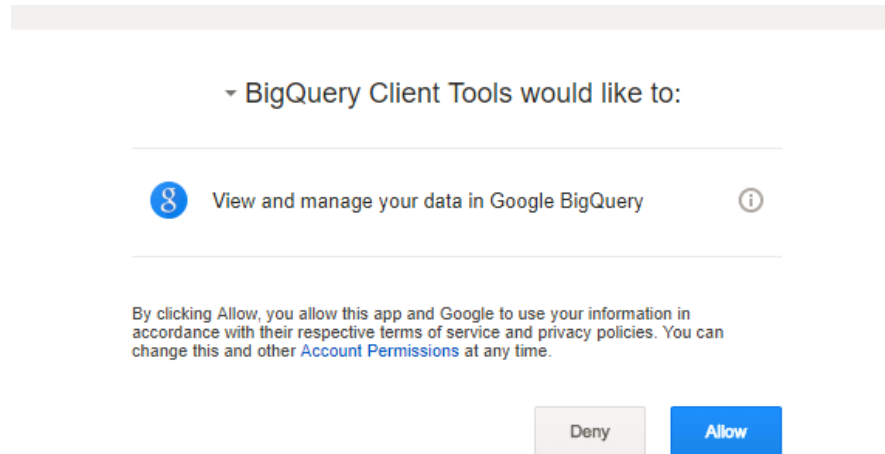


Figure 3. Access to BigQuery tools

## Copy the code and take a note for the same

Please copy this code, switch to your application and paste it there:

```
4/arq7pMyqSU033zz3jlfzdX9H8NhIEE7Cff0_uwW-lb0
```

Figure 4. Copy the code

## Go to /opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Tools and run get\_refresh\_token.sh file

```
./get_refresh_token.sh <Place the google code here>
```

```
[sasinst@comp-prod Tools]$ ./get_refresh_token.sh 4/arq7pMyqSU033zz3jlfzdX9H8NhIEE7Cff0_uwW-lb0
refresh_token : 1/38U1Xuwi7YcmvfucjX1K516zBU8xjtYAFvI9cH_B0ss,
[sasinst@comp-prod Tools]$
```

Figure 5. Run the get\_refresh\_token.sh script

## Edit /opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup/odbc.ini

### Change the DSN Name

Rename [Google BigQuery 64-bit] to any short hostname to use as DSN.

```
[googlebq]
# Description: DSN Description.
# This key is not necessary and is only to give a description of the data source.
Description=Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery (64-bit) DSN
```

Figure 6. Rename the DSN

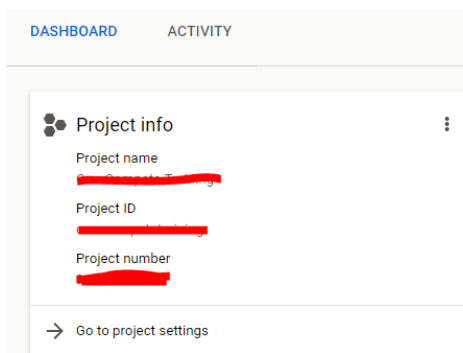
### Provide driver path

```
# Driver: The location where the ODBC driver is installed to.
Driver=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64/libgooglebigqueryodbc_sb64.so
```

Figure 7. Location of ODBC driver

### Provide catalogue

You will get the project name in Project info of google console.



```
# These values can be set here, or on the connection string.
# Catalog: The catalog to connect to. This is a required setting.
Catalog=
```

Figure 8. Change the catalog name as per project name

### Provide RefreshToken

```
# This is a required setting.
RefreshToken=
```

Figure 9. Edit RefreshToken field

### Edit /opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64/simba.googlebigqueryodbc.ini

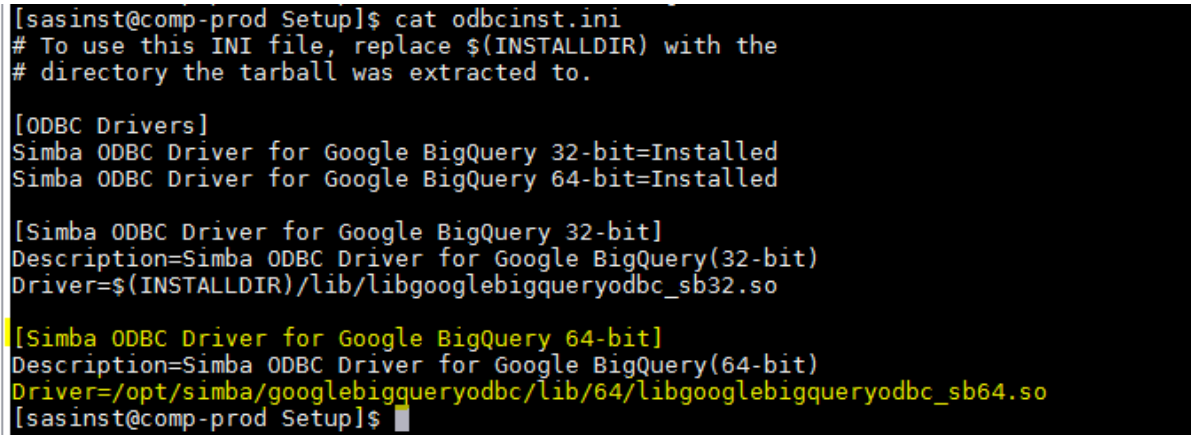
```
[Driver]
DriverManagerEncoding=UTF-32
```

```
ErrorMessagesPath=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/ErrorMessageS
LogLevel=4
LogPath=/tmp

ODBCInstLib=/opt/unixODBC/lib/libodbcinst.so
```

### Edit /opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup/odbcinst.ini

Give the whole driver path in 64 bit block and save it



```
[sasinst@comp-prod Setup]$ cat odbcinst.ini
# To use this INI file, replace $(INSTALLDIR) with the
# directory the tarball was extracted to.

[ODBC Drivers]
Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery 32-bit=Installed
Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery 64-bit=Installed

[Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery 32-bit]
Description=Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery(32-bit)
Driver=$(INSTALLDIR)/lib/libgooglebigqueryodbc_sb32.so

[Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery 64-bit]
Description=Simba ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery(64-bit)
Driver=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64/libgooglebigqueryodbc_sb64.so
[sasinst@comp-prod Setup]$
```

Figure 10. Edit odbcinst.ini

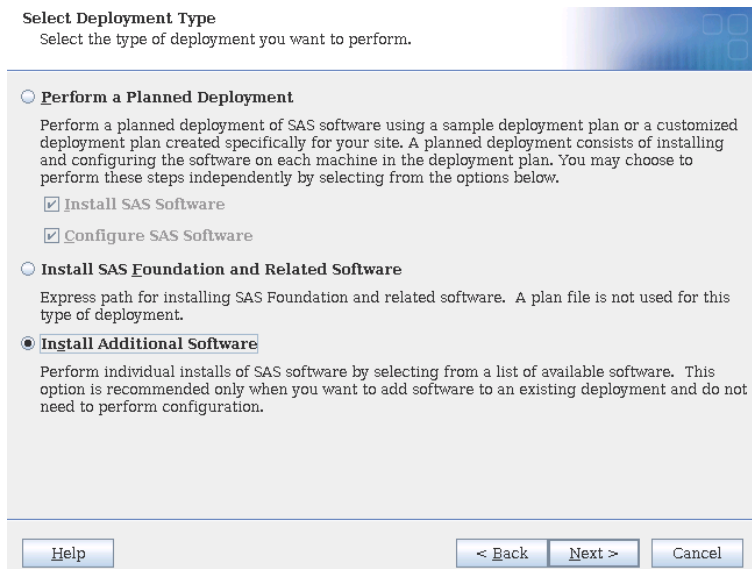
### Copy simba on SAS Docker directory

```
cp -Rp /opt/simba /usr/local/SAS Docker
```

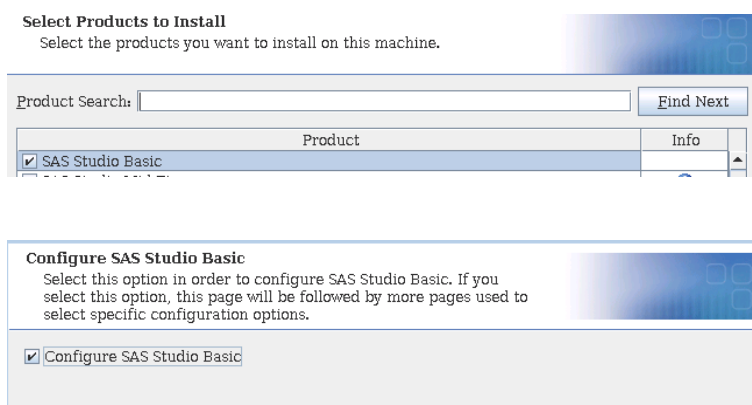
## BUILDING A SAS® 9.4 CONTAINER

### INSTALL/CONFIG SAS® STUDIO

Run SAS® Deployment Wizard to install SAS® Studio on a supported Linux 64-bit operating system. During the installation, change the default location for the SAS® Studio installation to `/usr/local/SASHome`. Steps as below...



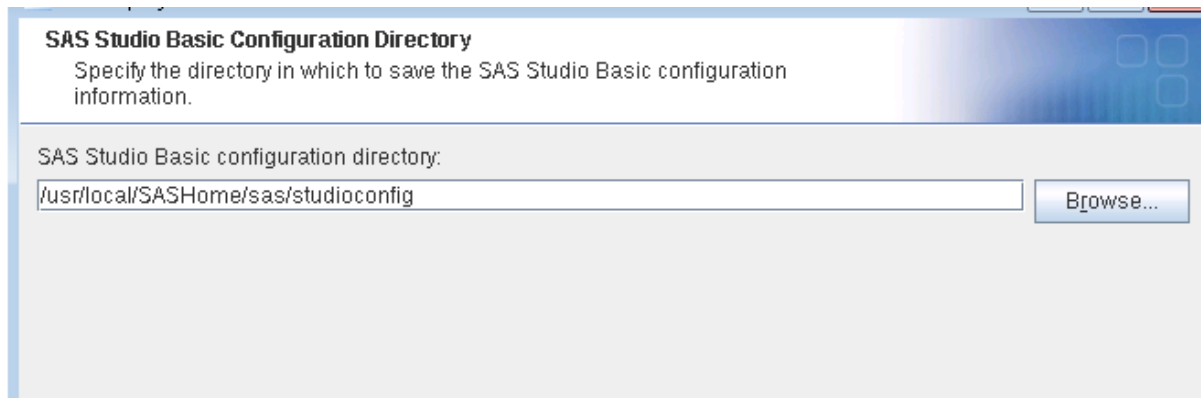
**Figure 11. Install steps**



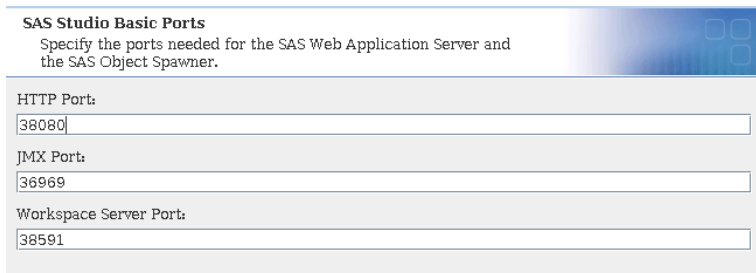
**Figure 12. Install steps**

- make sure you use PAM Authentication
- make sure you copy system-auth to sasauth

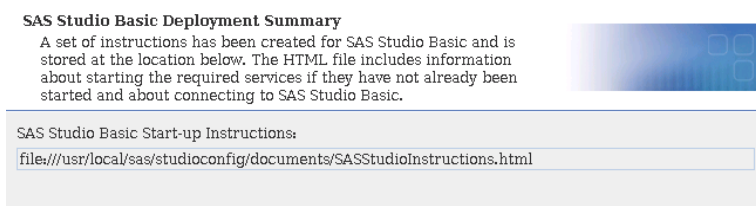




**Figure 13. Install steps**



**Figure 14. Install steps**



**Figure 15. Install steps**

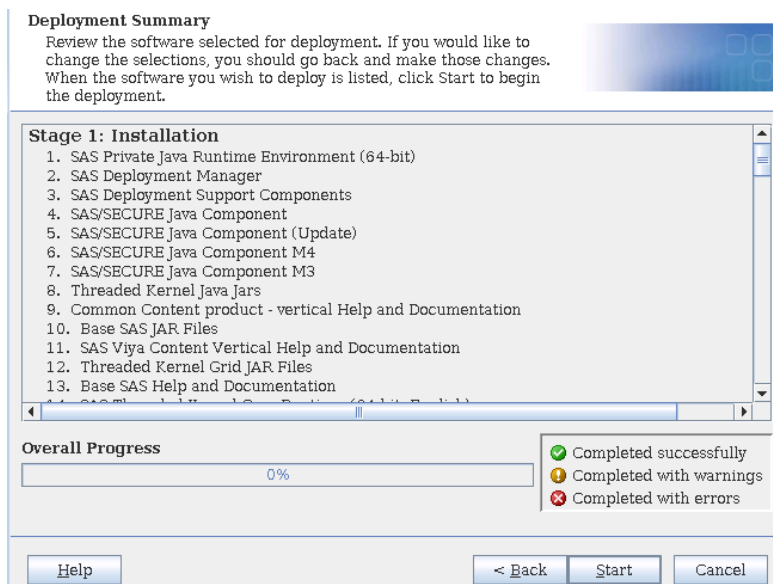


Figure 16. Install steps

## ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

Once validated, place all the environment variables in  
 /usr/local/SASHome/SASFoundation/9.4/bin/sasenv\_local

```

# /bin/sh -p
#####
#
#
# This file is used to define local environment variables that are used
# with SAS. These values will override the default values in sasenv.
# User modifications made to this file will NOT be overwritten by the SAS
# installation program as the system default values file are.
#
# !Important Note:
#
# Please make sure that this file does not replace the LD_LIBRARY_PATH
# environment variable. If you need additional paths, make sure you
# append or prepend the path to the existing LD_LIBRARY_PATH .
#
# Redefining the LD_LIBRARY_PATH completely will cause Java to stop working.
#
# The example below shows a correct way to append to the LD_LIBRARY_PATH.
#
# LD_LIBRARY_PATH=${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}:/usr/local/product/lib
# export LD_LIBRARY_PATH
#
#####
# This file is sourced by the sasenv script in !SASROOT/bin
#####
export ODBCINI=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup/odbc.ini
export ODBCINSTINI=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup/odbcinst.ini
export ODBCHOME=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/Setup
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64:/usr/lib:/usr:/lib:/usr/local/lib:/usr/lib64
export SIMBAGOOGLEBIGQUERYODBCINI=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64/simba.googlebigqueryodbc.ini
export SIMBAINI=/opt/simba/googlebigqueryodbc/lib/64/simba.googlebigqueryodbc.ini
export ODBCYSYSINI=$ODBCHOME

#####
# End of sasenv_local
#####
  
```

Figure 17. Display for sasenv\_local

## CHANGE SAS\_U8 TO SAS\_EN

```
vi /usr/local/SASHome/sas/studioconfig/workspaceserver/workspaceserver.sh
# Set environment variables
SAS_COMMAND=/usr/local/SASHome/SASFoundation/9.4/bin/sas_en /*change sas_u8
to sas_en */
```

## CREATE A TAR FILE FOR SASHOME

```
tar -cvf SASHomeTar.tar /usr/local/SASHome
```

## CREATE A FILE WITH DOCKERFILE

```
FROM centos
MAINTAINER sanket sanket.mitra@corecompete.com
# Install libraries and clean all
RUN yum -y install numactl-libs.x86_64 \
    passwd \
    libXp \
    libpng12 \
    libXmu.x86_64 \
    && yum clean all

# Add group
RUN useradd -m svc_sasinst
RUN groupadd -g 1001 svc_sasgrp

# Add sas user
RUN usermod -a -G svc_sasgrp svc_sasinst

# Set default password by pointing to /etc/passwd
RUN echo -e "password" | /usr/bin/passwd --stdin svc_sasinst

# Make the SASHome directory and add the TAR file
RUN mkdir -p /usr/local/SASHome
```

```
ADD SASHomeTar.tar /
RUN chown -R svc_sasinst:svc_sasgrp /usr/local/SASHome
EXPOSE 38080

# copy system-auth in sasauth to configure pam authentication
RUN cp /etc/pam.d/system-auth /etc/pam.d/sasauth

# copy simba and unixODBC into docker container
COPY simba/ /opt/simba/
COPY unixODBC/ /opt/unixODBC/

# copy libodbc.so.2.0.0 and create softlink
COPY unixODBC/lib/libodbc.so.2.0.0 /lib64/
RUN ln -s /lib64/libodbc.so.2.0.0 /lib64/libodbc.so
RUN ln -s /lib64/libodbc.so.2.0.0 /lib64/libodbc.so.2

# Add startup script to start SAS Studio
ADD startup.sh /
ENTRYPOINT ["/startup.sh"]
```

## **SASSTUDIO STARTUP SCRIPT (STARTUP.SH)**

```
#!/bin/bash
/usr/local/SASHome/SASFoundation/9.4/utilities/bin/setuid.sh
/usr/local/SASHome/sas/studioconfig/sasstudio.sh start
tail -f /dev/null
```

## **CHANGE PERMISSION OF STARTUP.SH**

```
chmod 755 startup.sh
```

## DEPLOYING A SAS® CONTAINER

### ADD THE FOLLOWING FILES TO THE SASDOCKER DIRECTORY:

- the Dockerfile
- the TAR file that you created, which contains the SASHome directory
- the start-up script that starts SAS® Studio (startup.sh)
- simba driver
- unixODBC driver

### BUILD THE DOCKER IMAGE

```
docker build -t sasabq:v1 .  
docker images /*to check build images*/  
docker run -d -p 38080:38080 sasabq:v1 /*run the container*/
```

### TO VALIDATE RUNNING DOCKER

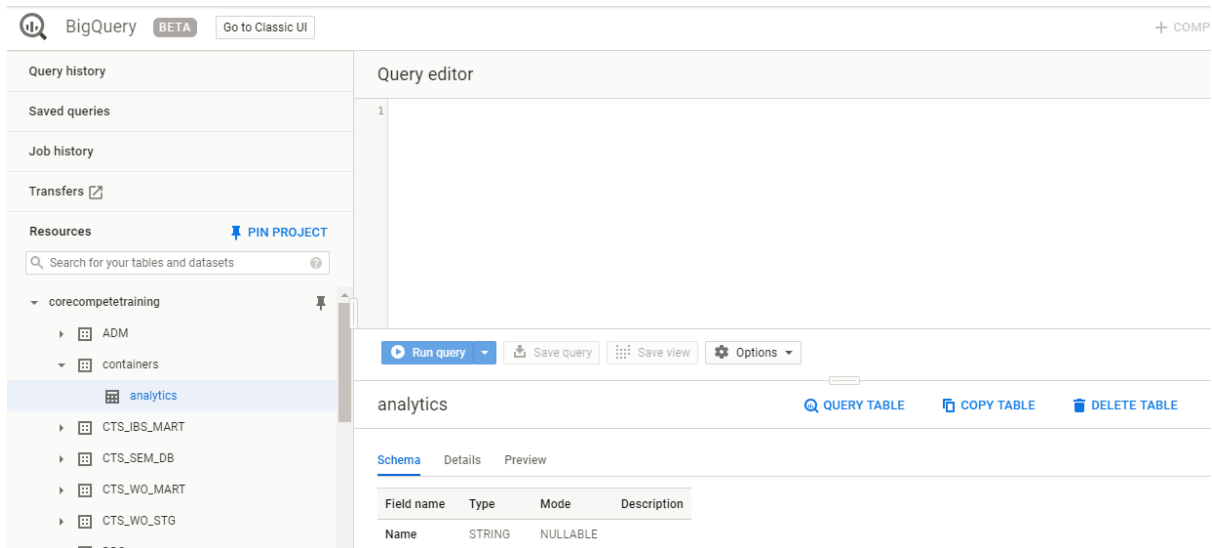
```
docker ps -a
```

### TO ENTER INTO RUNNING DOCKER

```
docker exec -it <docker-container-id> /bin/bash
```

## VALIDATION

- Go to <https://cloud.google.com/> and Login with your google credentials
- Navigate to the project you are working on.
- Navigate to BigQuery
- Create a demo dataset and corresponding schema



Display 18. BigQuery Page in google console

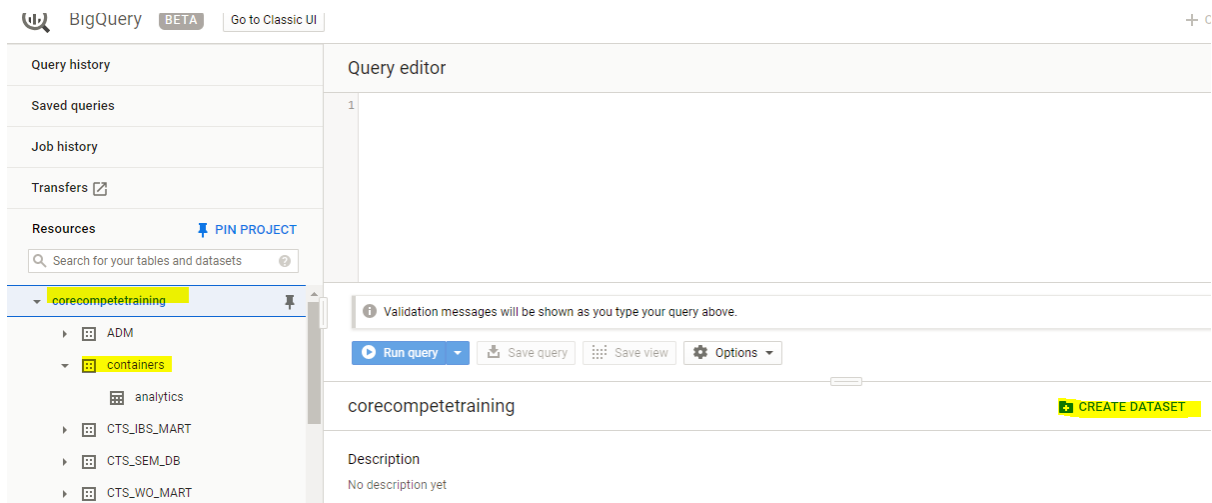
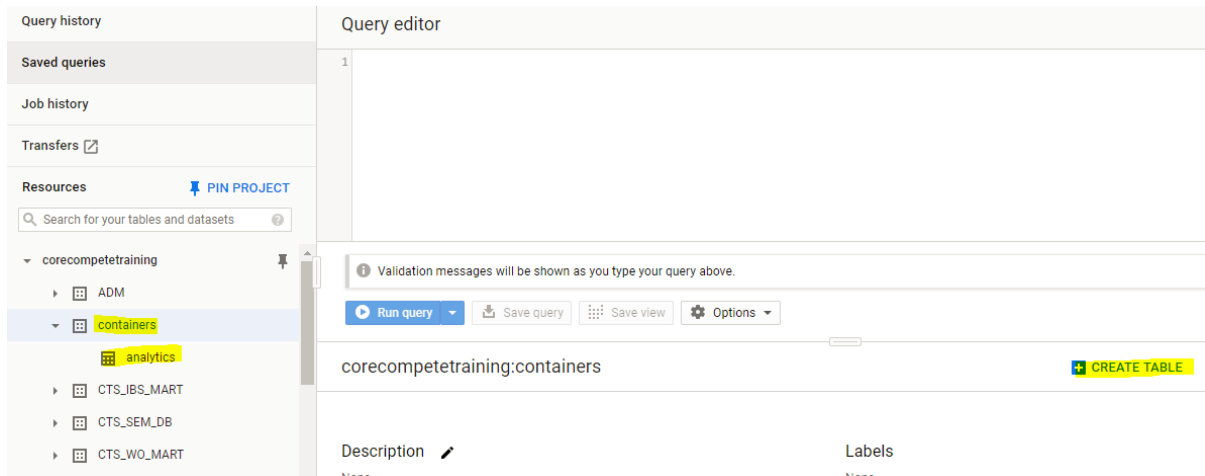


Figure 19. Create dataset in BigQuery



**Figure 20. Check table in BigQuery**

## LOGIN TO SAS® STUDIO

- [http://<hostname\\_or\\_ip>:38080](http://<hostname_or_ip>:38080) (e.g. <http://sgf-2019.corecompetete.com:38080>)
- Login with user id and password provided while creating the docker image.

## RUN THE BELOW QUERY IN SAS® STUDIO OR SAS® FOUNDATION TO GET THE DATA

```
proc sql;
connect to odbc (DATASRC="googlebq");
create table work.test as select * from connection to odbc (select
country.country_code AS Country,
    population.country_name AS CName,
    country.short_name AS SName
FROM `bigquery-public-data.world_bank_health_population.country_summary` AS
country
JOIN `bigquery-public-
data.world_bank_health_population.health_nutrition_population` AS population
ON country.latest_trade_data = population.year where population.year=2015
order by population.year);
quit;

proc freq data=work.test;
    tables Country CName SName / out=FreqCount outexpect sparse;
    title 'World Bank health Population';
```

```
run;
```

```
LIBNAME gcplib ODBC DATASRC=googlebq user="*****" password="*****";  
proc datasets lib=gcplib;run;
```

## CONCLUSION

As demonstrated in this example, it is possible to configure SAS® with Google BigQuery in cloud native environment, which can be used as SAS® Access to BigQuery in containerized SAS Application to help SAS® programmers to use the analytics feature of SAS® with Google BigQuery.

## REFERENCES

SAS® 9.4 and Container Technology: Build and Run a Container. SAS® Institute Inc., Cary, NC Available at <https://documentation.sas.com/?docsetId=containers&docsetTarget=n133nr0ok71e5pn1oy96124cg1iz.htm&docsetVersion=9.4&locale=en>

## CONTACT INFORMATION

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