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Paper 214-28

POSTING PROJECT STATUS TO WEB THROUGH SAS® PROGRAMMING

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ABSTRACT

In clinical trial studies, it is important to learn how the project is going on. Information such as how many programs have been developed, how many data listings and tables have been generated, and how much validation is finished, is very helpful to adjust resources and check the status of a project. A small compact program has been developed to meet such a need. This program, with a specified directory provided, can search all files from the current directory and all its subdirectories for information such as filename, path, date and time created. User can select files by file type, time period. Finally, the program will generate an HTML file that contains file list and summary information. A hyper-linkage makes it possible to open and view the file of interest on the web site. This HTML file posted on Web can dynamically report the progress status of the project.

INTRODUCTION

The status of the project is very important to adjust resources and make a business decision. However, it is not static. It keeps changing with the generation of files such as patient enrollment status, CRF completion status, client requirement documents, design, test script, program files, output and log documents. The dynamic webbased file summary is capable of delivering the information timely to satisfy the need for learning the project status. The information about the project can be refreshed and updated continuously with newly-generated files as the project goes on.

BASIC PROGRAM

The program can be divided into three parts:

- Collect file information
- Filter and organize the information
- Post them on web.

```
%let projloc
%let strtdate =;
%let stopdate
%let filetype
%let sortby
%let htmlfile =:
option noxwait xsync;
proc datasets lib=work kill;
auit:
filename filepath "&htmlfile";
%sysexec "dir /s &projloc">c:\temp.dat; 2
data readin;
  infile 'c:\temp.dat' length=len;
 input @;
input line $varying200.len;
 if index(line, 'Directory of') then do; §
PATH=scan(upcase(line), 3, '');
    retain path;
    delete;
 end;
if line ne ' ' and indexc(line, '.') and
    not index(line,
data _readed;
 format DATE mmddyy10. TIME time.; 4
 set readin;
 date=input(scan(line, 1, ' '), mmddyy10.);
 if indexc(scan(line, 2, ' '), 'a') then do;
     end:
 FILE=line;
 do i=1 to 3; 6
    sublen=length(scan(left(file), 1, ' '));
    file=substr(left(file), sublen+1);
 drop i sublen line;
run;
data _subset; 6
     _readed;
 if "&strtdate"^=" " then
      lowdate=input("&strtdate", mmddyy10.);
 else lowdate=.;
 if "&stopdate"^=" " then
      highdate=input("&stopdate", mmddyy10.);
 else highdate=today();
 if lowdate<=date<=highdate:
data _list;
 set _subset;
if path^=' ';
 TYPE=upcase(scan(file, -1, '.'));
```

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```
FILE='<ahref="'||trim(left(path))||'\'
||trim(left(file))||'">'||trim(left(file))
          ||'</a>'; 0
run;
proc sort data=_list;
by &sortby;
proc print; run;
ods listing close;
ods html file = filepath
style = Sasweb; 8
  proc print data=_list obs='OBS';
title "LIST OF %upcase(&filetype) FILES
             AT %upcase(& loc)";
     var date time file path ;
    by
          &sortby;
  run:
  title "SUMMARY OF %upcase(&filetype) FILES
    AT %upcase(&_loc)";
select path, type, count (file) as TotalFiles
           from _list
             group by path, type order by path, type, totalfiles;
  quit;
ods html close;
ods listing:
```

- Macro parameters, which allow users to select project directory, file type and data period. If file type is not defined, then all the files will be listed. Sortby allows users to show the file information in different orders such as path, file type or date and time file created.
- **2**Usually there are three ways to be used to gather file information from the system: pipe, output redirection and SAS function. Pipe does not work for Window 98. Redirection works for Windows 98, NT, 2000. But the output may be arranged differently according to the operating system. Attention should be paid when extracting data from the redirection output. SAS function is portable, however, it just tells the information in the current directory, so a loop is needed to collect information from its subdirectory, or sub-subdirectory, etc. The output redirection method is used here by %sysexec. The statement %sysexec may be replaced by function call system() which is used in data null step. The output from DOS command DIR is redirected into a data file temp.dat. Its contents are as below:

```
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is E80B-BACE
Directory of C:\WKU\adhoc
09/13/2002 09:32a
                        <DTR>
09/13/2002
           09:32a
                        <DIR>
08/23/2002
           05:31p
                            1,017,344 BLOOD CHEM.doc
08/23/2002 05:32p
                              272,384 LIPOPROTEIN.doc
08/23/2002 11:13a
                                44,544 LISTING OF
DEMOGRAPH.doc
              3 File(s)
                             1.334.272 bytes
Directory of C:\WKU\sas\program
09/13/2002 09:51a
                        <DTR>
09/13/2002 09:51a
```

```
08/06/2002 10:42a 2,754 adversevent.sas

08/21/2002 02:02p 3,642 bloodchem.sas

07/03/2002 02:21p 3,507 discontinue.sas

08/12/2002 11:36a 3,318 vital.sas

08/14/2002 04:24p 2,325 vitals.sas

5 File(s) 15,546 bvtes
```

- Try to read the data file into a SAS dataset. Since the lengths of the records in data file are different, informat varying is applied here. The function index () is used to find the path and files
- ②Since DOS time format is different from SAS time format, so a conversion is conducted. For example, convert 02:02p to 14:02.
- The DO loop is used to extract file name. Since file name may contain space, for example 'Blood Chem.Doc', the simple scan function does not work in this case. The result of scan(line, 3, '') will only be 'Blood', not the whole file name. The files will be filtered if file type is specified. For example, if filetype=SAS, then only SAS programs will be collected and analyzed. By default, all the file information will be gathered.
- **6** If the user wants to know how many files generated in a specified period, then start and stop date can be defined for this purpose. By default, there is no time period defined.
- **7** Build a hyper-link between the file name and file location.
- **③**Use ODS html to make the html file. SAS software provides several defined styles such as brick, brown, d3d, etc. They can be listed to output Window by

proc template;

list styles;

run

Users may select one of those styles based on their preferences.

9PROC SQL is used to summarize the file information.

EXAMPLE

If we run the program by setting:

```
%let projloc = C:\WKU
%let strtdate = 8/20/02;
%let stopdate =;
```

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%let filetype =; %let sortby =path;

The result is shown at the end of this paper.

CONCLUSION

SAS ODS HTML makes it very easy to display the status of the project on the web site dynamically. The hyper-link created in HTML enables users to open and view files on site conveniently. The instantly available project status will be very helpful to make a business decision.

CONTACT INFORMATION

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