

# House Prices Segmentation Mettilda Kaimathuruth

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### ABSTRACT

- A 10,000 sq. ft. house in San Francisco, CA vs. a similar house in Stillwater, Oklahoma, would show a stark difference in the real estate price of the house
- Even in a single city, the cost of two 10,000 sq. ft. houses would differ based on different factors
- There are a lot of factors that go into the final sale price of the house, such as the condition of the house, proximity to schools and parks, proximity to public transport, and so on.
- Understanding the underlying factors that go into creating the price of each house will help marketers price these houses most effectively.
- The goal is to build a segmentation model to identify differentiating factors for houses which are deterministic in the final house price

### **METHODS**

- Data Preparation Handle Outliers, Handle Skewness, Missing Values
- Variable Selection Decision tree, Stepwise Regression were used to understand variable importance with respect to the target variable
- Different Statistical Models Five models were used Decision Tree, Multiple Linear Regression, LASSO Regression, Gradient Boosting and Ensemble model



- Model comparison module was used to identify the best model based on least Average squared error • Final set of predictor variables were used as base variables to cluster the houses into different segments to
- understand different profiles for the houses that were sold and their differentiating factors



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hence is chosen as the best model

Y LARS LARS LASSO SalePrice SalePrice 5.1622E8 22720.37 150689.8 7.222E11 4.1152E8 20 Ensmbl Ensmbl Ensemble SalePrice SalePrice 5.1717E8 22741.27 150224.9 7.196E11 4.1004E8 20						Average Squared Error	Squared Error	Error	Errors	Error	Squared Error
Ensmbl Ensmbl Ensemble SalePrice SalePrice 51717E8 22741.27 150224.9 7.196E11 4.1004E8 20	Y I	LARS LARS	RS LASSO	SalePrice	SalePrice	5.1622E8	22720.37	150689.8	7.222E11	4.1152E8	20285.89
	E	Ensmbl Ensmbl	smbl Ensemble	SalePrice	SalePrice	5.1717E8	22741.27	150224.9	7.196E11	4.1004E8	20249.45
Reg2 Reg2 Regressi SalePrice SalePrice 5.1907E8 22783.19 149760 7.188E11 4.0955E8 20	F	Reg2 Reg2	q2 Regressi	SalePrice	SalePrice	5.1907E8	22783.19	149760	7.188E11	4.0955E8	20237.28
Tree2 Tree2 Decision SalePrice SalePrice 1.0079E9 31747.17 198983.6 1.303E12 7.4238E8 2	7	Tree2 Tree2	e2 Decision	SalePrice	SalePrice	1.0079E9	31747.17	198983.6	1.303E12	7.4238E8	27246.6
Boost Boost Gradient SalePrice SalePrice 1.0318E9 32122.42 248360.3 1.596E12 9.0948E8 30	E	Boost Boost	ost Gradient	SalePrice	SalePrice	1.0318E9	32122.42	248360.3	1.596E12	9.0948E8	30157.57

- 22,720
- model

<u> </u>
C
Statistics Label
Average Squared Error
Divisor for ASE
Maximum Absolute Error
Sum of Frequencies
Root Average Squared Error
Sum of Squared Errors

- <u>Neighborhood</u>
- MS Subclass (1-Story, 2-Story, Duplex)
- Lot size (Square Feet)
- Basement Exposure (walkout or garden level walls)
- <u>Number of Bedrooms Above Ground</u> 0 • Garage Capacity (in terms of number of cars)
- Exterior covering on house

## RESULTS

Model comparison shows that LASSO regression has the least average squared error among all models and

• Average sale price for a house in the dataset is 180,412 and Root Avg. Squared error for LASSO model is

LASSO regression also gave an adjusted R-square of 93%, which is an indicator of the variance explained by

			Anal	ysis of Variand	e
Train	Validation				
				Sum of	Mean
411517219.37	516215283.76	Source	DF	Squares	Square
1755.00	1170.00				
150689.78	160905.54	Model	90	1.023168E13	1.136853E11
1755.00	1170.00	Error	1664	7.222127E11	434022067
20285.89	22720.37	Corrected Total	1754	1.095389E13	
22212719994.32	603971881996.45				
		Root MSE	208	33	
		Dependent Mean	1793	36	
		R-Square	0.93	41	
		Adj R-Sq	0.93	05	
		AIC	367	50	
		AICC	367	60	
		SBC	354	91	
		ASE (Train)	4115172	19	

• Important factors determined by the model were:

## RESULTS CONTINUED (CLICK TO EDIT)

Using these predictors as bases and hierarchical cluster analysis using Ward's method, 3 unique clusters were obtained with distinct profiles



• The 3 different clusters have unique differentiating factors which are highlighted below:

SEGMENT	No. of Houses	Lot Size (Sq. Ft.)	Ground Living Area	1st Floor Sq. Ft.	2nd Floor Sq. Ft.	Baseme nt Sq. Ft.	Enclosed Porch Sq. Ft.	Garage (No. of Cars)	Sale Price	Year Built	Year Remodeled	MS Sub Class	Neighborhood
Total		10,104	1,494	1,155	334	438	23	1.76	180,412	1971	1984		
1	1180	9,237	1,659	1,093	564	454	8	2	201,500	1989	1992	More than half the houses 2- STORY 1946 & NEWER	College creek, Gilbert, Sawyer West, Somerset
2	1078	11,604	1,350	1,349	1	566	16	2	187,359	1978	1985	All houses are 1-STORY 1946 & NEWER	North Ames, College Creek, Sawyer
3	667	9,213	1,434	952	464	203	62	1	131,875	1929	1970	Most houses are 1-1/2 STORY FINISHED and 1- STORY 1945 & OLDER	Old Town, Brookside, Iowa DOT and Railroad, Edwards

The Ames Housing dataset, compiled by Dean De Cock for use in data science education https://ww2.amstat.org/publications/jse/v19n3/decock.pdf 2. Y. Feng and K. Jones, "Comparing multilevel modelling and artificial neural networks in house price prediction," 2015 2nd IEEE International Conference on Spatial Data Mining and Geographical Knowledge Services (ICSDM), Fuzhou, 2015, pp. 108-114. doi:

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- 5. Yusof, Aminah Md and Syuhaida Ismail. "<u>Multiple Regressions in Analysing House Price Variations</u>." (2012).

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### Segmentation highlights:

- 1-story houses with similar features

### REFERENCES

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### CONCLUSIONS

In the final model it is seen that Neighborhood, MSSubClass (type of dwelling such as 1-Story, 2-Story, Duplex), Lot area, No. of Bedrooms, Basement Exposure (which refers to walkout or garden level walls), Garage car capacity, Exterior covering on house, significantly affect the valuation of the home.

Houses in segment 1 have less than average lot area, but bigger ground living area, 1<sup>st</sup> floor area and 2<sup>nd</sup> floor area, with garage parking capacity for 2 cars and have a higher mean sale price. Most of these houses are 2-story houses that were built post 1946 and in College creek, Gilbert, Sawyer West, Somerset neighborhoods

Houses in segment 2 have bigger than average lot area and 1<sup>st</sup> floor area, but no 2<sup>nd</sup> floor area, with garage parking capacity for 2 cars and have an average sale price as the population. All of these houses are 1-story houses that were built post 1946 and they are located mostly in North Ames, College Creek, Sawyer neighborhoods Houses in segment 3 have smaller than average lot area, 1<sup>st</sup> floor area and basement area, higher than average 2<sup>nd</sup> floor area and enclosed porch area, with garage parking capacity for 1 car. Their mean sale price is much lower than the rest of the houses. All of these houses are 1.5-story houses that were built prior to 1945 and they are located mostly in Old Town, Brookside, Iowa DOT and Railroad, Edwards neighborhoods

Houses that were remodeled more recently, with bigger ground living area, basement, garage capacity of at least 2 cars and in College Creek, Gilbert, Sawyer West and Somerset neighborhoods have higher sale price than average. Lot area and enclosed porch aren't that important, however houses with 2-story have higher sale price compared to



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