Release Notes for SAS® Fraud Management 4.3_M0, Hot Fix 4

Description	Component	Summary and Business Impact	Test Scenario
The 4020 job fails when the DBMAINT_ATA_WINDOW property is set to 0 .	REPORTS	Summary: The 4020 job populates the FCM_WORKTIME_SUMMARY and FCM_STRATEGY_SESSION_SUMMARY database tables. These tables are used by the Agent Time Analysis report. The 4020 job fails with an error if DBMAINT_ATA_WINDOW is set to 0. The job completes successfully if DBMAINT_ATA_WINDOW is set to a number greater than 0. Business Impact: Agent Time Analysis Report data is not available.	After you apply this hot fix, the 4020 job completes successfully if DBMAINT_ATA_WINDOW is set to 0.
On Oracle systems, the GET_VXX function in the Transaction Data Repository (TDR) database fails.	DATABASE	Summary: The GET_VXX function fails if no VXX record is found. The error message is as follows: ERROR: Error fetching from cursor. ORACLE error is ORA-06592: CASE not found while executing CASE statement ORA-06512: at "TDRCORE.GET_VXX", line 77. Business Impact: Fast-path rule estimation fails.	After you apply this hot fix, the GET_VXX function succeeds without error.
On Oracle systems, the GET_VXX function in the TDR does not parse the UVR_ID input parameter.	DATABASE	Summary: The UVR_ID input is a character string of comma-delimited values. The GET_VXX function does not parse the input variable correctly, causing the results of the function to be inaccurate. Business Impact: Results of the fast-path rule estimation are inaccurate.	After you apply this hot fix, the GET_VXX function produces accurate results.

Description	Component	Summary and Business Impact	Test Scenario
Job 4515 can add duplicate rows to the database table RPT_FRQ_RULE_FIRING_DETAIL.	REPORTS	Summary: The loader for the Frequency of Rules Fired historical report is job 4515. The job can add duplicate rows to the RPT_FRQ_RULE_FIRING_DETAIL table in the System of Record (SOR) database. This behavior results in a unique constraint violation error. Business Impact: The Frequency of Rules Fired report does not contain the latest data until job 4515 completes successfully.	After you apply this hot fix, job 4515 does not add duplicate records to the RPT_FRQ_RULE_FIRING_DETAIL table
On Oracle systems, an application error occurs in rule estimation when deployment files age from the system.	ESTIMATION	Summary: On Oracle systems, the query that retrieves the list of builds from the FCM_BUILD database table excludes builds where the logical delete indicator is set. If a rule estimation requires one of the excluded builds, an application error occurs.	
		 deployment_expires_after - This property controls when entries in the FCM_BUILD database table are marked for deletion and when the rule-deployment files are removed from the system. The logically deleted build entries are not purged from the FCM_BUILD table until all transactions using that build number are purged from the transaction tables in the TDR database. FCM_type_PURGE_DAYS - These properties specify the number of days to keep the transaction table for each type. FCM_type_VXX_PURGE_DAYS - These properties specify the number of days to keep the _VXX table for each transaction type. 	After you apply this hot fix, fast-path estimations that use logically deleted builds complete successfully.
		Because the fast-path estimations use the data in both the transaction table and its associated _VXX table, the transaction purge properties should be set to the same value for both tables for each transaction type. Business Impact: Fast-path rule estimation fails.	

Description	Component	Summary and Business Impact	Test Scenario
Erroneous rule code might create an infinite loop that prevents the OnDemand Decision Engine (ODE) from shutting down SAS® processes during a redeployment.	ODE	Summary: Bad rule code can result in a transaction time-out and leave the SAS channel in an unusable state. Also, rule code that causes an infinite loop can prevent the OnDemand Decision Engine from shutting down SAS processes during a redeployment. This behavior can result in processes that consume 100% of the CPU resources. Business Impact: Erroneous rule code can cause the OnDemand Decision Engine to stop functioning, and 100% of CPU resources might be used by SAS processes.	After you apply this hot fix, the OnDemand Decision Engine performs the following actions: It kills a SAS process if a transaction times out while it is waiting for a reply. It creates a new SAS process when there is no SAS channel available for a configurable period and the maximum number of SAS processes has not been reached. The erroneous rule code must still be removed from the deployment.
Transactions requiring the same Multi-Entity History (MEH) segment can block other transactions from processing.	ODE	Summary: Transactions that require the same MEH segment execute serially. In a worst-case scenario, all engine threads can be blocked by transactions that need the same segment. This situation can impact all transactions. Sorting transactions before sending them to the OnDemand Decision Engine can cause excessive contention. Business Impact: Transaction throughput is reduced when the engine threads are consumed by transactions that require the same MEH segment.	After you apply this hot fix, a transaction that is waiting for a lock increments the engine thread-pool size to account for its inactivity. This action helps throughput by providing engine threads for non-contentious transactions. The default value for the threadMaximumPoolSizeUnder Contention property is 500.