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# **SAS<sup>®</sup> Strategy Management 5.6**

Migration Guide

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**SAS® Strategy Management 5.6: Migration Guide**

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# Using This Book

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## Audience

This guide is intended for SAS Strategy Management 5.6 system administrators. This book applies to release 5.6 of the SAS Strategy Management. It describes a three-phase migration approach:

- 1 Upgrading your SAS Strategy Management X.4 content and configuration from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2.
- 2 Subsequently upgrading your SAS Strategy Management 5.X content and configuration from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4.
- 3 Upgrading your SAS Strategy Management 5.5 content and configuration to version 5.6 on SAS 9.4.

If your installation is on SAS 9.1.3, you must complete all phases of the migration.

If your installation is on SAS 9.2 or 9.3, you must complete the second and third phases of the migration.

If your installation is on SAS 9.4 with SAS Strategy Management 5.5, you complete the third phase of the migration.

- If you are performing a migration, begin with this document. Refer also to the documents listed in [“Recommended Reading” on page xvii](#).
- If you have a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 installation and you want to migrate (copy) it to another system, see “Part 4. Fully Promoting a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 Installation to Another System.”

## Documentation Conventions

### Directory Paths

#### Directory Paths Used by Earlier Installations

This book uses the following documentation conventions to identify directory paths used by SAS Strategy Management, version 5.4 and earlier, installations:

Path	Refers to	Example
<code>!sasroot</code>	Path to the SAS root directory in a SAS 9.1.3 installation	Windows: C:\Program Files\SAS\SAS 9.1 UNIX: /usr/local/sas/SAS_9.1
<code>!sasroot</code>	Path to the SAS root directory in a SAS 9.2 installation	Windows: C:\Program Files\SAS\SASFoundation\9.2 UNIX: /usr/local/SAS/SASFoundation/9.2
<code>!sasroot</code>	Path to the SAS root directory in a SAS 9.3 installation	Windows: C:\Program Files\SAS\SASFoundation\9.3 UNIX: /usr/local/SAS/SASFoundation/9.3
<code>SAS-config-dir</code>	Path to the SAS configuration directory	Windows: C:\SAS\Config UNIX: /usr/local/SAS/config
<code>MySQL-install-dir</code>	Path to the MySQL installation directory	Windows: C:\MySQL\bin UNIX: /usr/local/mysql  <b>Note:</b> As of SAS Strategy Management 5.5, MySQL is no longer supported. For more information, see <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.5: System Administration Guide</i> .

#### Directory Paths Used by a Version 5.5 or 5.6 Installation

This book uses the following documentation conventions to identify directory paths that are used by SAS Strategy Management version 5.6:

Path	Refers to	Example
<code>!sasroot</code>	Path to the SAS root directory	Windows: C:\Program Files\SASHome\SASFoundation\9.4 UNIX: /usr/local/install/SASHome/SASFoundation/9.4
<code>!sasinst</code>	Path to the SAS installation directory	Windows: C:\Program Files\SASHome UNIX: /usr/local/install/SASHome
<code>SAS-config-dir</code>	Path to the SAS configuration directory	Windows: C:\SAS\Config UNIX: /usr/local/SAS/config

**Note:**

- The name of the configuration directory and the level number might be different at your site.
- If your configuration is the result of a migration from the previous release of SAS Solutions Services, the **SASApp** directory might be called **SASMain** instead (for example, **C:\SAS\Config\Lev1\SASMain** rather than **C:\SAS\Config\Lev1\SASApp**). Make the appropriate substitutions as you read this document.
- File system pathnames are typically shown with Windows separators (\); for UNIX, substitute a forward slash (/).
- Some code examples contain line breaks (indicated by an underscore \_ at the end of the line) so that the code fits on the line. If you copy the code, remove the underscores and line breaks.

**Terms**

This book uses the following terms:

Term	Description
data tier	The system on which you install the data-tier software for SAS Strategy Management.
metadata tier	The system on which you installed the SAS Metadata Server. Usually, this is the same system as the data tier.
middle tier	The system on which you installed the Web application server and on which your Web applications run.
single-tier installation	An installation that is done on one system. In that case, the single system functions as both the data tier and the middle tier, and you should follow instructions for both the data tier and the middle tier.
multi-tier installation	An installation that is done on more than one system (for example, with a data tier and a middle tier).



# Accessibility

For information about the accessibility of this product, see [Accessibility Features of SAS Strategy Management 5.6](#) at [support.sas.com](http://support.sas.com).





## Recommended Reading

Refer to the following documents to assist with your installation and migration from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2:

- For SAS Performance Management Solutions and SAS Strategy Management:
  - *Installation Instructions for Release 5.2 of the SAS Performance Management Solutions*. This book contains instructions for installing third-party software, creating users, and installing and configuring the SAS Performance Management software, including SAS Strategy Management software.
  - *SAS Solutions Services: System Administration Guide*. This book contains additional configuration and administration information, as well as a list of changes in SAS Solutions Services.
  - *SAS Solutions Services: Data Administration Guide*. This book contains information about loading and managing data for the solutions.

These documents (and others) are available at <http://support.sas.com/documentation/onlinedoc/stm>.

**Note:** This site is password-restricted. You can find the user name and password in the pre-installation checklist or by calling Technical Support.

- For the SAS Intelligence Platform:
  - *SAS Intelligence Platform: 9.1.3 to 9.2 Migration Guide*
  - *SAS Intelligence Platform: Installation and Configuration Guide*
  - *What's New in SAS 9.2 Intelligence Platform*

These documents (and others) are available at <http://support.sas.com/92administration>.

- *What's New in SAS Information Delivery Portal*, available at <http://support.sas.com/documentation>.

Refer to the following documents to assist with your installation and migration from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 or with a full promotion:

- For SAS Strategy Management:
  - *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*. This book contains instructions for installing third-party software, creating users, and installing and configuring the SAS Strategy Management software.
  - *SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide*. This book contains additional configuration and administration information, as well as a list of changes in SAS Strategy Management.

These documents (and others) are available at <http://support.sas.com/documentation/onlinedoc/stm>.

**Note:** This site is password-restricted. You can find the user name and password in the pre-installation checklist or by calling Technical Support.

■ For the SAS Intelligence Platform:

- *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*
- *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Installation and Configuration Guide*
- *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Guide to Software Updates*
- *What's New in SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform*

These documents (and others) are available at <http://support.sas.com/94administration>.

■ *What's New in SAS Information Delivery Portal*, available at <http://support.sas.com/documentation>.

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# Part 1

## Migrating from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2

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## 1

# Overview

*Required Information to Read* ..... 3

## Required Information to Read

If SAS Strategy Management is included in the installation plan for your SAS 9.1.3 system, there is no direct migration path to SAS 9.4. You must complete all phases of the migration. This is true even if there are other products in the installation plan which support a direct migration to SAS 9.4 without SAS Strategy Management. Make sure that you read and complete the required migration phases as described in the following table:

**Table 1.1** *Parts to Read When Migrating to SAS Strategy Management 5.6 on SAS 9.4*

Current Installation	Read and Complete
SAS Strategy Management 2.4 on SAS 9.1.3	<b>1</b> Migrating from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2 (Part 1) <b>2</b> Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 (Part 2)
SAS Strategy Management 5.1 on SAS 9.2 SAS Strategy Management 5.2 on SAS 9.2	Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 (Part 2)
SAS Strategy Management 5.3 on SAS 9.3 SAS Strategy Management 5.4 on SAS 9.3	Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4 (Part 3)
SAS Strategy Management 5.5 on SAS 9.4	Migrating from SAS Strategy Management 5.5 to Version 5.6 on SAS 9.4 (Part 4)
SAS Strategy Management 5.6 on SAS 9.4	Fully Promoting a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 Installation to Another System (Part 5)

Be aware of the following notes and restrictions:

- You cannot migrate installations that are prior to SAS Strategic Performance Management Version X.4.

- If you are migrating SAS Strategic Performance Management 2.4, you can partially promote an installation as an alternative to migration. For more information, see [Appendix 1, “Partial Promotion Migration,” on page 121](#).
- You cannot use the SAS Migration Utility and the Software Deployment Wizard to migrate the SAS Intelligence Platform and then rerun the same software to migrate SAS Strategy Management later in the same deployment configuration.
- If you are installing new products in addition to migrating old ones, first complete the migration of the old installation. Then install the new products.

**Note:** All documentation referred to in this part are listed in [“Recommended Reading” on page xvii](#).

## 2

## Preliminary Tasks

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## Requirements

This document is written with the following assumptions:

- You have prepared for a standard installation (such as installing required third-party applications, planning which tiers are going to be installed on which systems, and so on).

See the pre-installation steps in *Installation Instructions for Release 5.2 of the SAS Performance Management Solutions*. For migration-specific information about external accounts, see [“Creating Operating System Accounts” on page 6](#).

- You have prepared a software depot and an installation plan file.

## Creating Operating System Accounts

### Required External Accounts

Create the required external accounts for the primary users in the operating system. The required accounts are listed in the pre-installation checklist. You define external accounts outside the metadata repository (for example, in the operating system).

When you are installing software and migrating from SAS 9.1.3, you should use the new SAS 9.2 internal accounts.

The following table summarizes the required external accounts and the differences between external accounts in SAS 9.1.3 and SAS 9.2.

**Table 2.1** Required External User Accounts

External Account (SAS 9.1.3)	External Account (SAS 9.2)	Example (SAS 9.2)
SAS Installer	SAS Installer	<i>domain\installer-ID</i>
SAS General Server User	SAS Spawned Servers account	<i>domain\sassrv</i>
SAS Demo User	SAS First User	<i>domain\sasdemo</i> <b>Note:</b> The sasdemo account is optional. If you include this identity, it must refer to an external account.
not applicable	Solutions Host User	<i>domain\sassln</i>

**Note:** The *domain* variable is not used for UNIX accounts.

For more information about the account that you must use when you are installing software and performing a migration, see [“The SAS Installer Account” on page 7](#).

### Optional External Accounts

The following external accounts are required only if you do not use the new SAS 9.2 external accounts:

**Table 2.2** Optional External User Accounts

External Account (SAS 9.1.3)	External Account (SAS 9.2)	Example (SAS 9.2)
SAS Administrator	SAS Administrator	<i>domain\sasadm</i>
SAS Trusted User	SAS Trusted User	<i>domain\sastrust</i>
Solutions Role Administrator	Solutions Role Administrator	<i>domain\slnadm</i>



**Note:** The *domain* variable is not used for UNIX accounts.

## The SAS Installer Account

The SAS Installer account must be the same account that was used to install SAS 9.1.3. The account must have a corresponding metadata identity, with membership in the Administrators group and in the MySQL Users group.

In Windows environments, this user must be a member of the Administrators group in the operating system.

In UNIX environments, this user's profile must be the same as the SAS 9.1.3 profile, and must include the environment variables for MySQL. The following example is for AIX:

```
# Path to the libdir in your mysql install
MYSQL_LIBDIR=/usr/local/mysql/lib
export MYSQL_LIBDIR

# Path to directory to hold shared library for SAS Access to MySQL
MYSQL_CLIENT_DIR=/usr/local/SAS/libmysql
export MYSQL_CLIENT_DIR

# Set or add to the shared library load path
LIBPATH=$LIBPATH:$MYSQL_CLIENT_DIR
Or
LIBPATH=/usr/lib/:/lib:$MYSQL_CLIENT_DIR
export LIBPATH

# Add mysql/bin to the PATH environment variable
PATH=$PATH:/usr/local/mysql/bin
export PATH
```

**Note:** In UNIX environments, verify that the link-editor for object files, `ld`, is in the SAS Installer's path.

## The Sasspusr Account Not Needed

X.4 installations required an additional user account, `domain\sasspusr`, for access to the stored process server via the SPAAuth domain. In migrated systems, this user account is no longer required. For post-migration instructions, see [“Remove References to sasspusr and SPAAuth” on page 28](#).

---

# Performing Checks Before You Run the SAS Migration Utility

## Overview

On a single-tier system, perform all the pre-migration checks that are listed in this section. On a multi-tier system, perform all the pre-migration checks on the specified systems.

## (Data Tier) Check the Required Hot Fix Level

Before you migrate from the SAS 9.1.3 environment, complete the following checks:

- Check that the metadata server version is 9.1.3SP4. (In an interactive SAS session, select **Help** ► **About**.)
- Check that hot fix E9BC59 has been applied by confirming the existence of the file `!SASROOT\core\sasinst\hotfix\e9bc59wn.aud`.
- Make sure that you followed the post-installation instructions when you applied hot fix E9BC59.

**CAUTION! Be sure to apply hot fix E9BC59 before you perform the migration.**

If you already performed the migration, you must delete the configuration directories and rerun the configuration pass of SAS Deployment Wizard. If you applied the hot fix, but you are uncertain whether you followed the post-installation steps, follow them now.

If the hot fix has not been applied, download and install the hot fix. Download the appropriate hot fix for your operating system from the following Web address:

[http://ftp.sas.com/techsup/download/hotfix/e9\\_sbcs\\_prod\\_list.html#e9bc59](http://ftp.sas.com/techsup/download/hotfix/e9_sbcs_prod_list.html#e9bc59).

The Readme file includes the post-installation steps.

## (Data Tier) Update the Metadata for SAS Data Integration Studio

**CAUTION! Be sure to make this update before you perform the migration.**

Otherwise, you must delete the configuration directories and rerun the configuration pass of SAS Deployment Wizard.

Before you perform a migration, update the metadata for SAS Data Integration Studio on the X.4 data tier:

- 1 Review the following SAS Note:  
<http://support.sas.com/kb/37/686.html>
- 2 Download the JAR file and follow the SAS Note instructions.

## (Data Tier) Run the Diagnostic Tool

The diagnostic tool ensures that the environment is ready for migration. It also gathers information about the site's stageDDS, DDS, and SASSDM data models and compares them to the corresponding SAS data models. For a successful migration, there must be no critical differences between a site's data model and the SAS data model. After you run the diagnostic tool, correct any critical differences before you continue the migration.

On the X.4 system, run the diagnostic tool from SAS Data Integration Studio. Complete the following steps:

- 1 In SAS Data Integration Studio, log on to the data tier as a power user (not the unrestricted user). Select the Solutions repository as the default.

- 2 Click the **Inventory** tab.
- 3 In the Solutions repository, right-click **Jobs** and select **Import**. Select **SAS\_HOME\SASSolutionsServices\1.4\DataTier\Diagnostics\DataModels\chk\_dataModels\_Job.spk** as the package to import.  
**Note:** Substitute 1.4.1 as the version number if necessary.
- 4 Open the chk\_dataModels job.
- 5 Open the properties for the chk\_dataModels transformation.
- 6 Click the **Options** tab and set the following options:
  - **Directory (Input):** Directory where the SAS dictionary tables are stored, with names such as dictionary\_14.sas7bdat or dictionary\_13.sas7bdat. The following values are the default directories:

Windows	..\Program Files\SAS\SASSolutionsServices\1.4\DataTier\Diagnostics\DataModels
---------	---

UNIX	../SAS/SASSolutionsServices/1.4/DataTier/ Diagnostics/ DataModels
------	---

- **Directory (Output):** Directory where the HTML output reports are stored. The following values are the default directories:

Windows	..\SAS\SASSolutionsConfig\Lev1\Data
---------	-------------------------------------

UNIX	./SAS/SASSolutionsConfig/Lev1/Data
------	------------------------------------

Keep the default values for the remaining options.

- 7 Execute the chk\_dataModels job.
- 8 Open the log and check the output files that are produced by the chk\_dataModels job. The files are listed at the bottom of the log. Here is an example:

```
NOTE: Check the following html documents:
- C:\SAS\SASSolutionsConfig\Lev1\Data\diff_site_DDS_version
  1.4_09AUG10111604.html
- C:\SAS\SASSolutionsConfig\Lev1\Data\diff_site_STAGEDDS_version
  1.4_09AUG10111604.html
- C:\SAS\SASSolutionsConfig\Lev1\Data\diff_site_SASSDM_version
  1.4_09AUG10111604.html
```

Only tables that differ from the standard model are listed in the report output. If you see a column in the report whose data type and length match the standard model, then only the label has been changed, and you can ignore the difference. If a column is reported as missing in the site model, the case of the column name in the site model is probably different than the case of column name in the SAS model. You can safely ignore case differences in column names. Investigate and correct any other differences to ensure a valid migrated model.

If the HTML files are empty, no differences were found.

---

## Installing the SAS Migration Utility

### Overview

The SAS Migration Utility is a tool that packages content from the SAS 9.1.3 installation so that it can be migrated to a new SAS 9.2 installation. For more information about the SAS Migration Utility, see the *SAS Intelligence Platform: 9.1.3 to 9.2 Migration Guide*.

### Install on a Windows System

To install the SAS Migration Utility on Windows:

- 1 Locate the directory named `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu`, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.

This directory contains the `smu.exe` file, the `smu.properties.template` file, and possibly other files and directories.

- 2 Copy the contents of the `utilities\smu` directory to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.1.3 installation. For example, create `c:\Program Files\SAS\SASMigrationUtility\9.1.3` and copy the files there.

### Install on a UNIX System

To install the SAS Migration Utility on UNIX, use FTP to transfer the files from the depot to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.1.3 installation.

---

## Running the SAS Migration Utility

Before you run the SAS Migration Utility, create a shared directory on the network that is available to all of the systems in the installation. This directory becomes the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory. All SAS Migration Utility output from all systems is stored in this directory.

Then perform the following steps on each system that requires migration. Begin with the system that is running the SAS 9.1.3 Metadata Server:

- 1 Navigate to the directory to which you copied the contents of the `utilities\smu` depot directory.
- 2 Copy the `smu.properties.template` file to `smu.properties`.
- 3 Edit the `smu.properties` file with a text editor.

The smu.properties file is in the Java properties file format. The following format rules are most important to apply when you are editing the smu.properties file:

- Lines that begin with the # character are comments and have no effect.
- Backslash characters (\) must be doubled. For example, C:\\Program Files\\SAS.

- 4 Review the entire smu.properties file and change property settings if you need to.

The comments in the file explain each property that you must set. The following table describes some specific properties:

Property	Description
SMU.Output.Dir	This property contains the path to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory.  Enter the path to the shared directory that you created in step 1.
SMU.password	The smu.properties comments state that the SMU.password property value must be encoded in the {sas001} format using the PWENCODE procedure. However, you can also specify a plain-text password. If you choose to specify a plain-text password, for security purposes, erase this password immediately after you run the SAS Migration Utility.
SMU.SASROOT	For systems on which SAS is installed, enter the path to the !SASROOT directory. The following paths are two examples:  SMU.SASROOT=C:\\Program Files\\SAS\\SAS 9.1 SMU.SASROOT=/usr/local/SAS/SAS_9.1  On a middle-tier system, comment out this property.
SMU.spmmidtier.scorecard.ear.dir	This property must be set only for sites with SAS Solutions Services 1.4.1 and IBM WebSphere 6 on AIX:  Path to the deployed EAR file for SAS Strategic Performance Management: <i>WebSphere-install-dir/profiles/profile-name/installedApps/network-cell-name/SAS Strategic Performance Management.ear</i>  <i>WebSphere-install-dir</i> is the path to the IBM WebSphere root installation directory (such as /usr/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer).  <i>profile-name</i> is the name of the application server profile (such as AppSrv01).  <i>network_cell_name</i> is the cell name of the deployment manager node.

- 5 (For Windows installations only) Open a command window in the directory in which you installed the SAS Migration Utility and submit one of the following commands:

---

Systems on which the DAV server is running	<code>smu.exe -s -a -d DavTier -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties"</code>
--	---

**Note:** Either Xythos or Apache.

---

Other systems	<code>smu.exe -s -a -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties"</code>
---------------	--

---

**Note:** In these commands, quotation marks are required around `full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties` only if there is a space in the pathname.

**Note:** You must specify the full path to the `smu.properties` file in the `-PROPERTIES` option, even though the `smu.properties` file is in the current directory (the same directory as the `smu.exe` file). The `smu.exe` file is actually a self-extracting archive. It extracts the complete program into a separate, temporary directory and runs the program from there.

After a few seconds, a second command window appears with the SAS Migration Utility console output.

- 6** (For UNIX installations only) Submit one of the following commands (line breaks added for readability):

---

Systems on which the DAV server is running	<code>./smu.sh -- -d DavTier -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage-properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</code>
--	---

**Note:** Either Xythos or Apache.

---

Other systems	<code>./smu.sh -- -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage-properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</code>
---------------	--

---

**Note:** The output directory must not be the same as the SAS Migration Utility installation directory.

- 7** Wait for the SAS Migration Utility to finish running.

Check the output as described in [“Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package” on page 13](#). For additional troubleshooting help, see [“Errors Running the SAS Migration Utility” on page 129](#).

---

## Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package

In the previous section, you set the `SMU.Output.Dir` property in the `smu.properties` file to point to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory (the directory under which all migrated content is stored).

A subdirectory in the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory is named after each system on which you run SAS Migration Utility. Inside this subdirectory are other subdirectories. Each subdirectory contains content that was backed up from a particular SAS product.

**Note:** Some subdirectories might be empty.

To check the SAS Migration Utility migration package:

- 1 After `smu.exe` completes, check the final few lines of output in the command window to determine whether the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages.
- 2 If the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages, complete the following steps:
  - a View the `migrate.log` file in the system's subdirectory inside the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory to determine the cause of the error.
  - b Look for and correct any remaining errors. If you make corrections, rerun the SAS Migration Utility and include the `-replace` option.
- 3 Review the migration status messages for the products that you are migrating. Complete the following steps:
  - a In the subdirectory named `AnalysisReport`, open the `FullReport.html` file and review the messages.

There are migration status messages for each product. This report indicates whether you must upgrade any products or install patches before you can complete the migration.
  - b Run the SAS Migration Utility after you install any patches.
  - c Look for and correct any remaining error messages before you continue.
  - d Examine all warning messages.

**Note:** Warning messages are for informational purposes.

**Note:** Warning messages are expected on most systems. For example, a warning message appears in the Analysis Report for each data directory that is found in metadata that exists outside of the SAS Configuration directory. If these data directories are needed in the SAS 9.2 installation, migrate them manually.
- 4 To verify that data has been backed up correctly, complete the following additional checks:

**Note:** On the middle-tier system, ignore these steps.

- a In the `metadatasrv` subdirectory, verify the existence of these subdirectories: `MetadataRepositories` and `rposmgr`.
- b In the `MetadataRepositories` subdirectory, verify that one subdirectory exists for each metadata repository.
- c In the `wfs` subdirectory, verify the existence of a subdirectory named `Area1`.  
The `Area1` subdirectory should contain the `WFSDump.xml` file as well as several files with names that begin with X and end with a number.
- d In the `soldatatier` subdirectory, verify the existence of a `sql` subdirectory, which contains a file named `sassdm.sql`.  
**Note:** This file might be large (megabytes or hundreds of megabytes.)
- e In the `spmdatatier` subdirectory, verify the existence of a `sql` subdirectory, which contains a file named `spm.sql`.

---

## Repeat for Each System

Repeat the steps in “[Running the SAS Migration Utility](#)” on page 10 and “[Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package](#)” on page 13 for every other system that is in this installation (other than client systems).

**Note:** The `FullReport.html` file displays a failure (✗) for the SAS Metadata Server Product if you run the `smu.exe` file on any tier other than the metadata server system.

---

## (Data Tier) Modify Data Set Names If Necessary

If the physical names of any custom data sets in the STAGEDDS library meet certain criteria, you must rename the data sets in the SAS Migration Utility package before you install the 5.2 software. Complete the following steps:

- 1 Navigate to the `path-to-SMU-package\data-tier-name\levconfig\levdata\Data` directory.
  - `path-to-SMU-package` is the directory in which the SAS Migration Utility package was created.
  - `data-tier-name` is the name of the data-tier system.
- 2 Open the ZIP file in that directory and make the following changes:
 

**Note:** These changes apply regardless of whether the prefix is in uppercase, lowercase, or mixed case.

  - a If you find any data sets with a name that begins with `STAGE_`, rename each such data set to begin with `STG_` (or a similar string).



- b** If you find any data sets with a name that is a single letter, rename each such data set so that it has more than one letter in its name. For example, if a file is named a.sasb7dat, rename it to aa.sasb7dat.



## 3

## Single-Tier Installation

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### Overview

Read the instructions in this chapter. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.2 of the SAS Performance Management Solutions*.

**Note:** The installation guide refers to the application server directory as **SASApp**. In a migrated system, this directory is typically named **SASMain**.

For installation and migration on the data tier (the system on which you installed the SAS Solutions Services data-tier software), follow the installation and configuration steps in [“3. Perform the Post-Migration Tasks” on page 18](#).

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** Select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Creating Operating System Accounts” on page 6](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it

is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.

**Note:** MySQL and WebLogic account names are created in MySQL Server and Oracle WebLogic. These are not operating system accounts. Do not add a host name prefix to these account names.

- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. There is typically a list of server contexts, which consist of the correct new server context as well as all the migrated OLAP server contexts.

Choose the correct server context for your site. The default application server context for a migrated system is **SASMain**.

**Note:** This application server context does not apply to the metadata server.

- When you are asked to specify the database type to use for SAS Shared Services, always select **MySQL**. The other database types that are listed, including SAS Table Server, are not supported for migration.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

---

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## 3. Perform the Post-Migration Tasks

Perform the post-migration tasks as described in [Chapter 5, “Post-Migration Tasks,”](#) on page 23.

## 4

## Multi-Tier Installation

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### Overview

For multi-tier installations, read the instructions in this chapter before you install SAS Strategy Management. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.2 of the SAS Performance Management Solutions*.

**Note:** The installation guide refers to the application server directory as `SASApp`. In a migrated system, this directory is typically named `SASMain`.

### Separate Metadata Tier Installation

If the data tier and metadata tier are on the same system, go to [“Data-Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 20](#).

Otherwise, complete the following steps:

- 1 Run the Software Deployment Wizard on the metadata tier first.  
Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- 2 When the Migration Information page appears, select **Perform migration**.
- 3 After you complete the installation and configuration of the metadata tier, go to [“Data-Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 20](#).

## Data-Tier Installation on the Target System

### Overview

For installation and migration on the data tier (the system on which you installed the SAS Solutions Services data-tier software), complete the following installation and configuration steps.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** Select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Creating Operating System Accounts” on page 6](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.

**Note:** MySQL and WebLogic account names are created in MySQL Server and Oracle WebLogic. These are not operating system accounts. Do not add a host name prefix to these account names.

- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. There is typically a list of server contexts, which consist of the correct new server context as well as all the migrated OLAP server contexts.

Choose the correct server context for your site. The default application server context for a migrated system is **SASMain**.

**Note:** This application server context does not apply to the metadata server.

- When you are asked to specify the database type to use for SAS Shared Services, always select **MySQL**. The other database types that are listed, including SAS Table Server, are not supported for migration.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you

proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

Next, go to [“Installation on Additional Tiers”](#) on page 21.

---

## Installation on Additional Tiers

On every other tier (excluding client systems), complete the following steps.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software**.
- **Perform migration:** Select **Perform migration** when the Migration Information page appears.
- **(Middle tier)** When you are asked to specify the database type to use for SAS Shared Services, always select **MySQL**. The other database types that are listed, including SAS Table Server, are not supported for migration.

### 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## Post-Migration

After you install and configure all the systems (other than client systems), perform the steps in [Chapter 5, “Post-Migration Tasks,”](#) on page 23.





# 5

## Post-Migration Tasks

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## Overview

This chapter contains tasks that must be performed after the installation and migration steps are complete. Some tasks apply only to a particular solution, or only to migrations from 32-bit Windows to 64-bit Windows environments.

Completing the tasks in this chapter requires the following:

- You must have completed the installation, configuration, and migration steps that are outlined in the previous chapters of Part 1.
- You must have access to SAS Management Console in the SAS 9.2 installation.

- You must have access to SAS Data Integration Studio in the SAS 9.2 installation.

To run a SAS Data Integration Studio job, a user must have the following group and role memberships:

- Solutions Services: Data Administrator role (or the Data Administrators group)
- Solutions Users group

**Note:** Do not connect as the unrestricted user. The unrestricted user cannot start a workspace server session.

---

## Apply File Permissions

Before you perform any of the post-migration tasks, apply file permissions as described in “Secure Your Installation” in the *SAS Solutions Services: System Administration Guide*. Otherwise, some tasks in this chapter will fail.

In particular, apply the following permissions to the *SAS-config-dir* \Lev1\SASMain\Data directory and its subdirectories:

For Windows installations	Grant Full Control to SAS General Server User (sassrv). Grant Read/Write/Modify permission to users who run ETL or SAS jobs to update data in the warehouse. These users should include the Solutions Host User (sassln).
For UNIX installations	Permit full access for the sas user ID and the sas user group.

---

## Migrate SAS Data Sets from 32-Bit to 64-Bit Microsoft Windows

If you are migrating from 32-bit to 64-bit Microsoft Windows, you might need to use the MIGRATE procedure to convert data sets in SAS libraries directory from 32-bit format to 64-bit format.

Libraries that are located under the *SAS-config-dir* directory (including DDS and StageDDS) are automatically converted during migration.

However, after migration is complete, you must manually convert data sets in any SAS libraries that are not located under the *SAS-config-dir*. For more information, see the SAS Note at <http://support.sas.com/kb/37/695.html>

## (Optional) Modify Conform Library

During migration, the DDS, StageDDS, and ConformedDataMart data directories are copied to a new location that conforms to SAS Performance Management Solutions 5.2 conventions. The DDS and StageDDS data sets are also upgraded to the SAS Performance Management Solutions 5.2 data model.

In SAS Performance Management Solutions 5.2, by default the Conform library points to the same location as the Cross Industry Detail Data Store folder: *SAS-config-dir\Lev1\SASMain\Data\SolutionsServices\DDSData*.

If you do not want to use a separate conform area, skip the rest of this section.

If you want to create a separate conform area, you must modify the Conform LIBNAME statement, and you might need to upgrade its data sets. Follow these steps:

- 1 Prepend the path for the ConformedDataMart to the Conform LIBNAME statement:
  - a On the **Plug-ins** tab of SAS Management Console, navigate to **Environment Management ► Data Library Manager ► Libraries**.
  - b Right-click **Conform** and open its properties.
  - c On the **Options** tab, add *SAS-config-dir\Lev1\SASMain\Data\SolutionsServices\ConformedDataMart* to the path specification.  
 Replace *SAS-config-dir* with the path to your site's configuration directory. If necessary, use the up or down arrows so that this path precedes the path to *DDSData*.
- 2 If your site does not need the Conform data from the SAS 9.1.3 installation: Copy the CrossIndustryDDS data sets to the *SAS-config-dir\Lev1\SASMain\Data\SolutionsServices\ConformedDataMart* folder, replacing all the data sets in that folder. Skip step 3.
- 3 If your site does need the Conform data from the SAS 9.1.3 installation:
  - a Manually upgrade the ConformedDataMart data sets to match the CrossIndustryDDS data model. If a CrossIndustryDDS data set contains one or more columns that are not present in the corresponding ConformedDataMart data set, add those columns to the ConformedDataMart data set.
  - b If the tables are registered in the metadata repository: In SAS Data Integration Studio, navigate to the Conform library. Select the table appropriate table names, right-click, and then select **Update Metadata**.

For more information, see “Appendix 2: The Conform Area” in the *SAS Solutions Services: Data Administration Guide*.

---

## Migrate Additional Libraries

SAS libraries that were in locations outside the configuration directory were not automatically migrated. For more information, see “Migrating Content Stored Outside of the SAS Configuration Directory” in the *SAS Intelligence Platform: 9.1.3 to 9.2 Migration Guide*.

---

## Run the post\_migration\_tasks Job

This job executes a number of post-migration tasks.

- 1 In SAS Data Integration Studio, connect to the 5.2 metadata tier.
- 2 Run the post\_migration\_tasks job.

This job is located in the `/Products/Cross Industry Detail Data Store/Post Migration Tasks` folder.

---

## Load Dimension Type Table

After you run the post\_migration\_tasks job, load the CrossIndustryDDS Dimension Type table, using one of the following jobs:

- the cind\_dds\_100400\_load\_dimension\_type\_table job, which is located in the `/Products/Cross Industry Detail Data Store/5.2 Jobs` folder  
It is recommended that you use this job at a site without custom dimensions.
- the 100400 Load DDS DIMENSION\_TYPE Table job, which is located in the `/Products/Cross Industry Detail Data Store/Migrated Jobs/Detail Data Store (DDS)/Reference Table Jobs` folder

We recommend using this job at a site with custom dimensions.

Before you execute the job, review it to make sure that all source-to-target mappings are correct. Review the mapping in each transformation that is used by the job and propagate or map columns as necessary.

**Note:** If you run the post\_migration\_tasks job more than once, you must reload the CrossIndustryDDS Dimension Type table each time.

---

## Update the Conform Folder Permissions

To update the Conform folder permissions:

- 1 Open SAS Management Console as the unrestricted user (sasadm).

- 2 On the **Plug-ins** tab, select the **Foundation** repository.
- 3 Select **Environment Management** ► **User Manager**.
- 4 Right-click the SAS Administrators group and select **Properties**.
- 5 On the **Members** tab, add **Solutions Role Administrator** as a member.
- 6 Save your changes.
- 7 On the **Folders** tab of SAS Management Console, navigate to the **Products/SAS Solutions Services** folder.
- 8 Right-click the **conform** folder and select **Properties**.
- 9 On the **Authorization** tab, grant the following permissions to the SAS Administrators group:
  - ReadMetadata
  - WriteMetadata
  - WriteMemberMetadata
  - CheckinMetadata
  - Read
  - AdministerDeny the Write, Create, and Delete permissions to the SAS Administrators group.
- 10 Click **Add**.
- 11 In the Add Users and Groups window, move the SASUSERS group to the **Selected Identities** list. Click **OK**.
- 12 Grant SASUSERS ReadMetadata permission and deny all other permissions.
- 13 Click **OK** to save the new properties.

---

## Update KPI and Scorecard Permission Assignments to SAS Demo User

To complete the migration for key performance indicator (KPI) or scorecard projects, follow the instructions in SAS Note 37794, available at <http://support.sas.com/kb/37/794.html>. These instructions adjust project, scorecard, template, and element permissions for the SAS Demo User. In X.4 the permissions were assigned to SAS Demo User. In SAS 9.2 they are assigned to sasdmo.

**Note:** In SAS 9.2, sasdmo is the user name; SAS Demo User is the display name.

---

## Remove References to sasspusr and SPAuth

X.4 installations required an additional user account, domain\sasspusr, for access to the stored process server via the SPAuth domain. In migrated systems, this user account is no longer required.

To remove references to this authentication domain, complete the following steps:

- 1 In SAS Management Console, select the User Manager plug-in and open the properties for the Solutions Users group.
- 2 Click the **Accounts** tab.
- 3 Delete the entry for sasspusr and save your changes.
- 4 Select **Environment Management** ► **Server Manager** ► **SASMain** ► **SASMain - Logical Stored Process Server** ► **SASMain - Stored Process Server** and open the **Connection** properties.
- 5 Click the **Options** tab.
- 6 From the **Authentication Domain** list, select **DefaultAuth** and save your changes.
- 7 Make the same change to each of the load balanced (LB) connection definitions.

---

## Modify Server and Library Names in %SPMEXPSC Macro

Modify the SAS autocall macro %SPMEXPSC:

- 1 Log on to SAS Management Console as the administrator (sasadm).
- 2 On the **Plug-ins** tab, navigate to **Environment Management** ► **Server Manager**.
- 3 Select the server that has the Logical Workspace Server and the Logical Stored Process Server. Note the name of this server (such as SASMain).
- 4 Navigate to **Data Library Manager** and locate the library whose name ends with - **SPMImapXport**. This library usually contains the GENERICSPMEXPORT table. Note the name of this SAS library (for example, **SASMain - SPMImapXport**).
- 5 Open the spmexpsc.sas file for editing.

On Windows, this file is located in the %SASROOT%\scorecard\sasmacro directory on the data tier.

**Note:** Before you edit the `spmexpssc.sas` file, make a backup copy of it.

- 6 Find the line that contains `infomapSASServer`. It resembles the following code, although the default `SASApp` value might have a different value):

```
%let infomapSASServer=SASApp;
```

Change the value of the server name to the server name that you observed in SAS Metadata Console. (For the preceding example, you would change `SASApp` to `SASMain`.)

- 7 Find the line that contains `imapTableLibrary`. It resembles the following code (although the default `SASApp` value might be replaced by something else):

```
%let imapTableLibrary=SASApp - SPMImapXport;
```

- 8 In that line, substitute the name of the library that you observed in SAS Management Console. For the preceding example, you would modify the code as follows:

```
%let imapTableLibrary=SASMain - SPMImapXport;
```

- 9 Save the file.

**Note:** For more information about using the Export to Information Map feature of SAS Strategy Management, see “SAS Strategy Management or KPI Viewer Modifications” in the *SAS Solutions Services: System Administration Guide*.

---

## Run the update52.sql Script

From a command prompt on the data tier, run the following command, which updates the SPM database in MySQL:

```
cmd> mysql -hSPM-datatier-host -uspm-username -pspm-password spm
< SASHOME\SASStrategyManagementDataTier\5.2\Config\Deployment\SQL\update52.sql
```

**Note:** A line break was added for readability. You should enter the command on a single line.

- `SPM-datatier-host` is the host name of the data tier.
- `spm-username` is the name of the MySQL administrative user for the SPM database. The default user name is `spmdbadm`.
- `spm-password` is the password for accessing the SPM database.
- `SASHOME` is the path to the SAS installation directory.

---

## Migrate SAS Web Report Studio Reports

### Overview

In the X.4 release of the solutions, SAS Web Report Studio reports might be stored in more than one repository (for example, the HR repository, the

Solutions repository, and the Performance Management repository). By default, the BIP Tree in each repository was mapped to the same DAV content location (`/sasdav/wrs`). When the DAV content is migrated, all the content is stored in a single DAV folder. (The folder that is selected depends on which repository's **BIP Tree** folder is mapped first during the migration.)

You can verify the existence of multiple SAS 9.1.3 repositories by searching the `AnalysisReport.html` file in your SAS Migration Utility package for a warning similar to the following:

```
Content URL http://<DAV server>=8300/sasdav/wrs is mapped to by multiple
metadata roots: BIP Tree, BIP Tree, BIP Tree, BIP Tree
```

To repair the reports, you must export the X.4 reports and import them into your 5.2 system (replacing the migrated reports), as described in the following sections. Otherwise, when users try to open a report, they might see a message stating that the report is not accessible.

**Note:** If your X.4 system used a different content mapping for the `/BIP Tree` folder in each repository, these steps are not necessary.

## Export the SAS Web Report Studio Reports

To export the reports from the X.4 system, log on to SAS Management Console 9.1 as the unrestricted user (`sasadm`). In the BI Manager plug-in, examine the shared reports folder and the user reports folders in each repository. For each folder that contains SAS Web Report Studio reports, follow these steps:

- 1 Navigate to the source directory.

For shared reports, the source directory is the `/BIP Tree/ReportStudio/Shared/Reports` folder.

For users' personal reports, the source directory is the `/BIP Tree/ReportStudio/Users/username/Reports` folder.

- 2 Select all the reports in the **Reports** folder, right-click, and select **Export** from the pop-up menu.

- 3 In the Export wizard, select a destination for the export package:

- a Click **Browse** to browse to the directory where the package file will be exported.

Select a directory that is accessible from the 5.2 installation.

- b Give the file a name that identifies the repository (and user, if these are user reports), so that you can easily select the correct file to import.

- c Click **Open**.

- d If you are exporting shared reports, select the **Include access controls** check box if you want to retain permissions that are associated with those reports.

**Note:** If the access controls are based on an access control template (ACT), make sure the ACT is defined in SAS 9.2 before you import these reports.

If you are exporting users' personal reports, do not select the **Include access controls** check box.



- e Click **Next**.
- 4 Select each of the reports to be migrated.  
Do not select any dependent information maps for export.
- 5 Click **Next**.
- 6 Review the Summary and click **Export**.
- 7 Verify that the export process was successful and click **Finish**.

## Import the Reports into the 5.2 Installation

On the 5.2 system, log on to SAS Management Console 9.2 as the unrestricted user (sasadm). For each reports package that you exported from your X.4 system, follow these steps:

- 1 On the **Folders** tab, navigate to the target folder for the reports.  
  
If you are importing shared reports, navigate to the `/repository-name/BIP Tree/ReportStudio/Shared/Reports` folder (for example, `/HR/BIP Tree/ReportStudio/Shared/Reports`).  
  
If you are importing reports from a user's personal folder, navigate to the `/Users/username/My Folder/repository-name/Reports` folder (for example, `/Users/sasdemo/My Folder/HR/Reports`).  
  
**Note:** You can import the exported reports to a different folder and delete the old migrated reports.
- 2 Right-click the **Reports** folder and select **Import SAS Package** from the pop-up menu.
- 3 Complete the Import SAS Package page, as follows:
  - a Click **Browse** and browse to the X.4 package file that corresponds to this target folder.
  - b Select the file and click **OK**.
  - c If you saved access controls (for shared reports only), select the **Include access controls** check box.  
  
For users' personal reports, do not select this check box.
  - d Select the **All objects** radio button (the default), so that existing reports with the same name are overwritten.
  - e Click **Next**.
- 4 On the Select Objects to Import page, select the reports to store in this folder and click **Next**.
- 5 On the About Metadata Connections page, click **Next**.
- 6 On the Information Maps page, click **Browse** for each information map to verify or select the target information map. By default, the correct target information map (in the `/BIP Tree/ReportStudio/Maps` folder) should already be selected. If the target information map is pointing to a different

folder, navigate to the `/BIP Tree/ReportStudio/Maps` folder, select the appropriate information map, and click **OK**.

- 7 Click **Next**.
- 8 Verify the summary and click **Next** to import the reports.
- 9 Verify that the import process was successful and click **Finish**.

---

## SAS BI Dashboard Modifications

### Re-Create Indicator Data Definitions for Dashboards

#### Overview

If your migration included dashboards (for SAS BI Dashboard) that use the SAS Strategy Management data provider, you must re-create the indicator data definitions for those dashboards.

#### Export the Indicator Data Definitions

To export the indicator data definition (.imx) files from the metadata repository:

- 1 On the 9.2 system, log on to SAS Management Console as an administrator.
- 2 On the **Folders** tab, select **Products** ► **BI Dashboard 4.3** ► **ModelConfigs**.
- 3 In the right-hand pane, right-click an .imx file and select **Write Content to External File**. Select a destination on your machine and export the file.
- 4 Repeat [Step 2](#) and [Step 3](#) for each .imx file.
- 5 Search the .imx files for the following string:

```
<ModelProvider>spm</ModelProvider>
```

The matching files are the files that you need to re-create. You cannot simply modify the files and import them, but you can refer to their contents when you re-create the indicator data definitions in SAS BI Dashboard.

#### Re-Create the Indicator Data Definitions

To re-create the indicator data definitions:

- 1 Log on to the Dashboard Builder:
 

```
http://server:port/SASBIDashboard
```

  - *server* is the host name of the managed server to which you deployed SAS BI Dashboard.
  - *port* is the port number for the managed server.
- 2 Click **Manage Dashboards**.

- 3 For each indicator data definition that must be re-created, follow these steps:
  - a In the **Library** view of the **Objects** pane, select **Indicator Data** from the **New** drop-down list.
  - b In the Create Indicator Data dialog box, type the name of the .imx file (without the extension), and then click **OK**.
  - c From the **Data Source** drop-down list, select **SAS Strategy Management 5.x**.
  - d Define the indicator data. Note the following:
    - In the **Scorecard Server URL** field, type the URL to the SAS Strategy Management application (as `http://server:port/SASStrategyManagement`) and click **Set Server**.
    - Use the <ModelQuery> text from the exported .imx file as a reference for the remaining fields.
    - If the original query references a single date, use the same date for both **Start Date** and **End Date**.

For more information, see “View SAS Strategy Management Data in SAS BI Dashboard” in the *SAS Strategy Management: User’s Guide* and “Indicator Data” in the *SAS BI Dashboard 4.31: User’s Guide, Second Edition*. Both books are available at <http://support.sas.com/documentation/onlinedoc>.
  - e When you save the query, use the same location as the original .imx file (overwriting the original).

## Modify Indicator Definitions

If your migration included dashboards (for SAS BI Dashboard) that use the SAS Strategy Management data provider, you might need to modify the indicator definitions for those dashboards.

To modify an indicator definition:

- 1 Log on to the Dashboard Builder:  
`http://server:port/SASBIDashboard`
- 2 Click **Manage Dashboards**.
- 3 In the **Library** view of the **Objects** pane, navigate to the .idx file, which is in the **Products** ► **BI Dashboard 4.3** ► **IndicatorDefinitions** folder.
- 4 Double-click the file to open it in the workspace.
- 5 In the **General** area of the **Properties** pane, inspect the indicator data selection. If it points to an indicator definition that you re-created in “[Re-Create Indicator Data Definitions for Dashboards](#)” on page 32, proceed with the next step.  
  
Otherwise, this indicator does not use the SAS Strategy Management data provider. Close the indicator definition and skip the remaining steps.
- 6 In the **Properties** pane, click the **Set up indicator links** button.

- 7 If the **Link type** is **External Link** and the **Link** path is empty, change the **Link type** to **None** and click **OK**.
- 8 Save the indicator definition.

Repeat these steps for each .idx file.

For more information about indicator definitions, see “Defining Indicators” in the *SAS BI Dashboard: User's Guide*.

---

## Validate the Installation

After you perform the post-migration tasks, validate the installation:

- 1 Perform the post-configuration tasks that are described in “Performing Post-Configuration Steps” in the *SAS Strategy Management: System Administration Guide*.

**CAUTION!** Do not install the sample data!

- 2 Perform the validation tasks that are described in the Instructions.html file on the middle tier.
- 3 Check for content that you know is present in the source SAS configuration.

**Note:** Some migrated content can or should be deleted. See [Chapter 25](#), “Changes in Version 5.6,” on page 111.

You can also run the authorization differences reports. Those reports are described in the “Performing Post-migration Tasks” chapter of the *SAS Intelligence Platform: 9.1.3 to 9.2 Migration Guide*. These reports identify differences in access to libraries, tables, folders, OLAP schemas, and cubes between the source and target SAS installations. See also *What's New in SAS 9.2 Intelligence Platform* and *What's New in SAS Information Delivery Portal*.

# Part 2

## Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4

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## 6

## Overview

*Required Information to Read* ..... 37

### Required Information to Read

Make sure that you read and complete all of parts of this migration guide required by your current installation.

**Table 6.1** *Parts to Read When Migrating to SAS Strategy Management 5.6 on SAS 9.4*

Current Installation	Read and Complete
SAS Strategy Management 2.4 on SAS 9.1.3	<b>1</b> Migrating from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2 (Part 1) <b>2</b> Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 (Part 2)
SAS Strategy Management 5.1 on SAS 9.2 SAS Strategy Management 5.2 on SAS 9.2	Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 (Part 2)
SAS Strategy Management 5.3 on SAS 9.3 SAS Strategy Management 5.4 on SAS 9.3	Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4 (Part 3)
SAS Strategy Management 5.5 on SAS 9.4	Migrating from SAS Strategy Management 5.5 to Version 5.6 on SAS 9.4 (Part 4)
SAS Strategy Management 5.6 on SAS 9.4	Fully Promoting a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 Installation to Another System (Part 5)

Be aware of the following notes and restrictions:

- You cannot use the SAS Migration Utility and the Software Deployment Wizard to migrate the SAS Intelligence Platform and then rerun the same software to migrate SAS Strategy Management later in the same deployment configuration.
- If you are installing new products in addition to migrating old ones, first complete the migration of the old installation. Then install the new products.

**Note:** All documentation referred to in this part are listed in [“Recommended Reading” on page xvii](#).



## 7

## Preliminary Tasks

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---

## Important Assumptions

This chapter is written with the following assumptions:

- You have prepared for a standard installation (such as installing required third-party applications, planning which tiers are going to be installed on which systems, and so on).  
  
See the “Pre-Installation Steps” in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*. For migration-specific information about external accounts, see [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- You have prepared a software depot and an installation plan file.

---

## Create Operating System Accounts

### Required External Accounts

Create the required external accounts in the operating system for the primary users, as listed in your pre-installation checklist. External accounts are defined outside the metadata repository (for example, in the operating system).

When you perform an installation with migration from SAS 9.2, you are given the option of using the new SAS 9.3 internal accounts. This is the preferred option.

The following table summarizes the required external accounts and the differences between SAS 9.2 and SAS 9.4.

**Table 7.1** Required External User Accounts

External Account (SAS 9.2)	External Account (SAS 9.4)	Example (SAS 9.4)
SAS Installer	SAS Installer	<i>domain\installer-ID</i>
SAS Spawned Servers account	SAS Spawned Servers account	<i>domain\sassrv</i>
SAS First User	SAS First User	<i>domain\sasdemo</i>

**Note:**

- The *domain* is not used for UNIX accounts.
- The *sasdemo* account is optional. If you include this identity, it must refer to an external account.

For more information about the account that you must use for installation with migration, see [“The SAS Installer Account” on page 40](#).

## Optional External Accounts

The following external accounts are required only if you do not use the internal-account option:

**Table 7.2** Optional External User Accounts

External Account (SAS 9.2)	External Account (SAS 9.4)	Example (SAS 9.4)
SAS Administrator	SAS Administrator	<i>domain\sasadm</i>
SAS Trusted User	SAS Trusted User	<i>domain\sastrust</i>

**Note:** The *domain* is not used for UNIX accounts.

## The SAS Installer Account

The SAS Installer account must be the same account that was used to install SAS 9.2. It must have a corresponding metadata identity, with membership in the Administrators group:

- On Windows, this user must be a member of the Administrators group in the operating system.
- On UNIX, this user's profile must be the same as the SAS 9.2 profile.

**Note:** On UNIX, verify that the link-editor for object files, *ld*, is in the SAS installer's path.

---

## Perform Checks Before Running the SAS Migration Utility

On a single-tier system, perform all the pre-migration checks listed. On a multi-tier system, perform the pre-migration checks on the specified systems.

---

## Install the SAS Migration Utility 9.2

The SAS Migration Utility is a tool that packages content from the SAS 9.2 installation so that the content can be migrated to a new SAS 9.4 installation. For more information about the SAS Migration Utility, see *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*.

To install the SAS Migration Utility on Windows:

- 1 Locate the directory named `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu92`, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.

This directory contains the smu92 executable files for 32-bit and 64-bit Microsoft Windows operating systems, and UNIX operating systems; the `smu.properties.template` file; and possibly other files and directories.

- 2 Copy the contents of the `\utilities\smu92` directory to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.2 installation. For example, create `c:\Program Files\SAS\SASMigrationUtility\9.2` and copy the files there.

On UNIX, use FTP to send the files from the depot to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.2 installation.

---

## Run the SAS Migration Utility

Before you run the SAS Migration Utility, create a shared directory on the network that is available to all of the systems in the installation. This directory becomes the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory. All SAS Migration Utility output from all systems is stored in this directory.

Then perform the following steps on each system that you want to migrate. Begin with the system that is running the SAS 9.2 metadata server:

- 1 Navigate to the directory where you copied the contents of the `\utilities\smu92` depot directory.
- 2 Copy the `smu.properties.template` file to `smu.properties`.
- 3 Edit the `smu.properties` file with a text editor.

**Note:** The `smu.properties` file is in the Java properties file format. The following format rules are most important to apply when you are editing the `smu.properties` file:

- Lines that begin with the `#` character are comments and have no effect.
- Backslash characters (`\`) must be doubled. For example, `C:\\Program Files\\SAS`.

- 4 Review the entire `smu.properties` file and change property settings as necessary.

The comments in the file explain each property that must be set. This table explains some specific properties:

Property	Description
SMU.Output.Dir	This property contains the path to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory.  Enter the path to the shared directory that you created in step 1.
SMU.password	The <code>smu.properties</code> comments state that the <code>SMU.password</code> property value must be encoded in the <code>{sas001}</code> format using the PWENCODE procedure. However, a plain-text password is also accepted. If you choose to specify a plain-text password, then for security purposes, erase this password immediately after you run the SAS Migration Utility.
SMU.SASROOT	For systems on which SAS is installed, enter the path to the <code>!SASROOT</code> directory. For example, enter one of the following:  <code>SMU.SASROOT=C:\\Program Files\\SAS\\SAS 9.2</code> <code>SMU.SASROOT=/usr/local/SAS/SAS_9.2</code> On a middle-tier system, comment out this property.
SMU.spmmidtier.scorecard.ear.dir	This property must be set only for sites with SAS Solutions Services, Versions 5.1 and 5.2, and IBM WebSphere 7 on AIX.  Path to the deployed EAR file for SAS Strategic Performance Management: <code>WebSphere-install-dir/profiles/profile-name/installedApps/network-cell-name/SAS Strategic Performance Management.ear</code> <code>WebSphere-install-dir</code> is the path to the IBM WebSphere root installation directory (such as <code>/usr/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer</code> ). <code>profile-name</code> is the name of the application server profile, such as <code>AppSrv01</code> . <code>network_cell_name</code> is the cell name of the deployment manager node.
SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.userid SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.password	If the installation uses SAS Shared Services, or if you want to migrate alerts and comments from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4, enter the user ID and password that you used for the platform migration. For more information, see <i>SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide</i> .
SMU.data.dbms.admin.userid SMU.data.dbms.admin.passwd	Enter the user ID and password that you used to install the MySQL database for 9.2.

- 5 Complete the applicable step:

For Windows	<p>Open a command window in the directory in which you installed the SAS Migration Utility and submit the following command:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>For 32-bit Windows:</b> <code>smu92_32.exe -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties" -replace</code></li> <li>■ <b>For 64-bit Windows:</b> <code>smu92_x64.exe -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties" -replace</code></li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> In the previous commands, <code>full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties</code> must be enclosed in double quotation marks only if there is a space in the pathname.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You must specify the full path to the <code>smu.properties</code> file in the <code>-PROPERTIES</code> option, even though the <code>smu.properties</code> file is in the current directory (the same directory as the <code>smu.exe</code> file). Because <code>smu.exe</code> is actually a self-extracting archive, it extracts the complete program into a separate temporary directory and runs it from there.</p> <p>After a few seconds, a second command window appears with the SAS Migration Utility console output.</p>
For UNIX	<p>Submit the following command (line break added for readability):</p> <pre>./smu92.sh -- -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage -properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The output directory should not be the same as the SAS Migration Utility installation directory.</p>

## 6 Wait for the SAS Migration Utility to finish running.

Check the output as described in [“Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package” on page 43](#). For additional troubleshooting help, see [“Errors Running the SAS Migration Utility” on page 129](#).

## Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package

In the previous section, you set the `SMU.Output.Dir` property in the `smu.properties` file to point to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory, the directory under which all migrated content is stored.

There is a subdirectory in the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory named after each system on which you run SAS Migration Utility. Inside this subdirectory are many other subdirectories. Each subdirectory contains backed-up content from a particular SAS product. (Some directories might be empty.)

To check the SAS Migration Utility migration package:

- 1 After `smu92_x64.exe` finishes running, check the final few lines of output in the command window to determine whether the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages.

- 2 If the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages, take these steps:
  - a View the migrate.log file in the system's subdirectory inside the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory to determine the cause of the error.
  - b Look for and correct any remaining errors. If you have made corrections, rerun the SAS Migration Utility with the `-replace` option.
- 3 Review the migration status messages for the products:
  - a In the subdirectory named AnalysisReport, open the FullReport.html file and review the messages.  

There are migration status messages for each product. This report indicates whether you must upgrade any products or install patches before migration can be completed.
  - b Run the SAS Migration Utility again after you install any patches.
  - c Look for and correct any remaining error messages before you continue.
  - d Examine all warning messages.  

**Note:** Warning messages are for informational purposes and are expected on most systems. For example, a warning message appears in the Analysis Report for each data directory found in metadata that exists outside of the SAS Configuration directory. If these data directories are needed in the SAS 9.4 installation, migrate them manually.
- 4 Perform these additional checks to verify that data has been backed up correctly:
 

**Note:** On the middle tier, ignore these steps.

  - a In the `metadatasrv` subdirectory, verify the existence of these subdirectories: `MetadataRepositories` and `rposmgr`.
  - b In the `MetadataRepositories` subdirectory, verify the existence of one subdirectory for each metadata repository.
  - c In the `spmdatatier` subdirectory, verify the existence of an `sql` subdirectory that contains two files named `spm.sql` and `sasdm.sql`.

---

## Repeat for Each System

Repeat the steps in “Run the SAS Migration Utility” on page 41 and “Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package” on page 43 for every other system in this installation (other than client systems).

**Note:** The FullReport.html file shows a failure (✗) for the SAS Metadata Server Product when the smu.exe is run on any tier other than the metadata server system.

## 8

# Single-Tier Installation

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## Overview

Read the instructions in this chapter. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

**Note:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.1.3 system that has SAS Strategy Management 2.4 content, you must first migrate that system to an intermediate installation of SAS 9.2 with SAS Strategy Management 5.2. (See Part 1.)

## 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.2 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.1 or 5.2 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it

is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.

- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically, given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

---

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## 3. Perform the Post-Migration Tasks

Perform the post-migration tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”



## 9

## Multi-Tier Installation

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---

### Overview

For multi-tier installations, read the instructions in this chapter before you install SAS Strategy Management. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

---

### Separate Metadata Tier Installation

If the data tier and metadata tier are on the same system, go to [“Data Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 48](#).

Otherwise, complete the following steps:

- 1 Run the Software Deployment Wizard on the metadata tier first.  
Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- 2 If you are performing a migration installation, select **Perform migration** when the Migration Information page appears.
- 3 After you complete the installation and configuration of the metadata tier, go to [“Data Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 48](#).

---

## Data Tier Installation on the Target System

### Overview

Complete the following installation and configuration steps for installation and migration on the data tier (the system on which you installed the MySQL Server) and on which you plan to install the SAS Strategy Management data-tier software.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.2 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.1 or 5.2 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.
- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically, given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

Next, go to [“Installation on Additional Tiers”](#) on page 49.

---

## Installation on Additional Tiers

Complete the following steps on every other tier (excluding client systems).

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard.

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software**.
- **Perform migration:** Select **Perform migration** when the Migration Information page appears.

### 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## Post-Migration

After you install and configure all the systems (other than client systems), perform the post-migration tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”



# Part 3

## Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4

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# 10

## Overview

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## Required Information to Read

**Table 10.1** *Parts to Read When Migrating to SAS Strategy Management 5.6 on SAS 9.4*

Current Installation	Read and Complete
SAS Strategy Management 2.4 on SAS 9.1.3	<b>1</b> Migrating from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2 (Part 1) <b>2</b> Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 (Part 2)
SAS Strategy Management 5.1 on SAS 9.2 SAS Strategy Management 5.2 on SAS 9.2	Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 (Part 2)
SAS Strategy Management 5.3 on SAS 9.3 SAS Strategy Management 5.4 on SAS 9.3	Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4 (Part 3)
SAS Strategy Management 5.5 on SAS 9.4	Migrating from SAS Strategy Management 5.5 to Version 5.6 on SAS 9.4 (Part 4)
SAS Strategy Management 5.6 on SAS 9.4	Fully Promoting a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 Installation to Another System (Part 5)

Be aware of the following notes and restrictions:

- You cannot use the SAS Migration Utility and the Software Deployment Wizard to migrate the SAS Intelligence Platform and then rerun the same software to migrate SAS Strategy Management later in the same deployment configuration.
- When migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4, update-in-place is not supported. The best recommended practice is to migrate the existing product deployment to SAS 9.4. Then, install additional products. For detailed

information, see Appendix 4, “Managing Your SAS Deployment” in *SAS Intelligence Platform: Installation and Configuration Guide*.

**Note:** All documentation referred to in this part are listed in [“Recommended Reading” on page xvii](#).

---

## Installing Version 5.6

If your installation is SAS Strategy Management, Versions 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, or 5.5, you can install Version 5.6 on SAS 9.4 by migrating from your earlier installation to a Version 5.6 installation. A *migrated* installation runs the SAS Migration Utility on each tier of the installation to extract content and metadata and create a migration package. You use this package later to supply content during the installation and configuration in a new deployment. The new deployment might have additional products installed and configured in it that did not exist in the previous installation. The migrated installation enables your users to continue to use the existing installation of SAS Strategy Management while you install Version 5.6.

When your installation is complete, see [Chapter 25, “Changes in Version 5.6,” on page 111](#) to learn about changes in Version 5.6 from previous versions of SAS Strategy Management.



# 11

## Preliminary Tasks

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## Important Assumptions

This document is written with the following assumptions:

- You have prepared for a standard installation (such as installing required third-party applications, planning which tiers are going to be installed on which systems, and so on).  
  
See the “Pre-Installation Steps” in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*. For migration-specific information about external accounts, see [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 55](#).
- You have prepared a software depot and an installation plan file.

## Create Operating System Accounts

### Required External Accounts

Create the required external accounts in the operating system for the primary users, as listed in your pre-installation checklist. External accounts are defined outside the metadata repository (for example, in the operating system).

The following table summarizes the required external accounts for SAS 9.4.

**Table 11.1** Required External User Accounts for SAS 9.4

External Account	Example
SAS Installer	<i>domain\installer-ID</i>
SAS Spawned Servers account	<i>domain\sassrv</i>
SAS First User	<i>domain\sasdemo</i>

**Note:**

- The *domain* is not used for UNIX accounts.
- The *sasdemo* account is optional. If you include this identity, it must refer to an external account.

For more information about the account that you must use for installation with migration, see [“The SAS Installer Account” on page 56](#).

## Optional External Accounts

The following external accounts are required only if you do not use the internal-account option:

**Table 11.2** Optional External User Accounts for SAS 9.4

External Account	Example
SAS Administrator	<i>domain\sasadm</i>
SAS Trusted User	<i>domain\sastrust</i>

**Note:** The *domain* is not used for UNIX accounts.

## The SAS Installer Account

The SAS Installer account must have a corresponding metadata identity, with membership in the Administrators group.

- **Windows:** This user must be a member of the Administrators group in the operating system.
- **UNIX:** This user's profile must be the same as the SAS 9.3 profile.

**Note:** On UNIX, verify that the link-editor for object files, *ld*, is in the SAS installer's path.

---

## Perform Checks Before Running the SAS Migration Utility

On a single-tier system, perform all the pre-migration checks listed. On a multi-tier system, perform the pre-migration checks on the specified systems.

---

## Install the SAS Migration Utility 9.3

The SAS Migration Utility is a tool that packages content from the SAS 9.3 installation so that the content can be migrated to a new SAS 9.4 installation. For more information about the SAS Migration Utility, see *SAS 9.3 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*.

To install the SAS Migration Utility:

- 1 Locate the directory named `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu93`, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.

This directory contains the `smu93` executable file for 64-bit Microsoft Windows operating systems and UNIX operating systems; the `smu.properties.template` file; and possibly other files and directories.

- 2 Copy the contents of the `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu93` directory to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.3 installation. For example, create `C:\Program Files\SAS\SASMigrationUtility\9.3` and copy the files there.

**Note:** On UNIX, use FTP to send the files from the depot to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.3 installation.

---

## Run the SAS Migration Utility

Before you run the SAS Migration Utility, create a shared directory on the network that is available to all of the systems in the installation. This directory becomes the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory. All SAS Migration Utility output from all systems is stored in this directory.

Then perform the following steps on each system that requires migration. Begin with the system that is running the SAS 9.3 metadata server:

- 1 Navigate to the directory where you copied the contents of the `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu93`, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.
- 2 Copy the `smu.properties.template` file to `smu.properties`.
- 3 Edit the `smu.properties` file with a text editor.

**Note:** The `smu.properties` file is in the Java properties file format. The following format rules are most important to apply when you are editing the `smu.properties` file:

- Lines that begin with the `#` character are comments and have no effect.
- Backslash characters (`\`) must be doubled. For example, `C:\\Program Files\\SAS`.

- 4 Review the entire `smu.properties` file and change property settings as necessary.

The comments in the file explain each property that must be set. This table explains some specific properties:

Property	Description
SMU.Output.Dir	This property contains the path to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory.  Enter the path to the shared directory that you created in step 1.
SMU.password	The <code>smu.properties</code> comments state that the <code>SMU.password</code> property value must be encoded in the <code>{sas001}</code> format using the PWENCODE procedure. However, a plain-text password is also accepted. If you choose to specify a plain-text password, then for security purposes, erase this password immediately after you run the SAS Migration Utility.
SMU.SASROOT	For systems on which SAS is installed, enter the path to the <code>!sasroot</code> directory. For example, enter one of the following:  <code>SMU.SASROOT=C:\\Program Files\\SAS\\SAS 9.3</code>  <code>SMU.SASROOT=/usr/local/SAS/SAS_9.3</code>  On a middle-tier system, comment out this property.
SMU.spmmidtier.scorecard.ear.dir	This property must be set only for sites with SAS Solutions Services.  Path to the deployed EAR file for SAS Strategic Performance Management: <b><i>WebSphere-install-dir/profiles/profile-name/installedApps/network-cell-name/SAS Strategic Performance Management.ear</i></b>  <b><i>WebSphere-install-dir</i></b> is the path to the IBM WebSphere root installation directory (such as <code>/usr/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer</code> ).  <b><i>profile-name</i></b> is the name of the application server profile, such as <code>AppSrv01</code> .  <b><i>network_cell_name</i></b> is the cell name of the deployment manager node.
SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.userid SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.password	If the installation uses SAS Shared Services and you want to migrate alerts and comments, enter the user ID and password that you used for the platform migration. For more information, see <i>SAS 9.3 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide</i> .
SMU.data.dbms.admin.userid SMU.data.dbms.admin.password	Enter the user ID and password that you used to install the MySQL database for 9.3.

- 5 Complete the applicable step:

For Windows	<p>Open a command window in the directory in which you installed the SAS Migration Utility and submit the following command:</p> <pre>smu93_x64.exe -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory \smu.properties" -replace</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> In the previous commands, <i>full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties</i> must be enclosed in double quotation marks only if there is a space in the pathname.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You must specify the full path to the <i>smu.properties</i> file in the <i>-PROPERTIES</i> option, even though the <i>smu.properties</i> file is in the current directory (the same directory as the <i>smu.exe</i> file). Because <i>smu.exe</i> is actually a self-extracting archive, it extracts the complete program into a separate temporary directory and runs it from there.</p> <p>After a few seconds, a second command window appears with the SAS Migration Utility console output.</p>
For UNIX	<p>Submit the following command (line break added for readability):</p> <pre>./smu93.sh -- -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage -properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The output directory should not be the same as the SAS Migration Utility installation directory.</p>

## 6 Wait for the SAS Migration Utility to finish running.

Check the output as described in [“Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package” on page 59](#). For additional troubleshooting help, see [“Errors Running the SAS Migration Utility” on page 129](#).

## Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package

In the previous section, you set the *SMU.Output.Dir* property in the *smu.properties* file to point to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory, the directory under which all migrated content is stored.

There is a subdirectory in the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory named after each system on which you run SAS Migration Utility. Inside this subdirectory are many other subdirectories. Each subdirectory contains backed-up content from a particular SAS product. (Some directories might be empty.)

To check the SAS Migration Utility migration package:

- 1 After *smu93\_x64.exe* finishes running, check the final few lines of output in the command window to determine whether the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages.
- 2 If the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages, take these steps:

- a View the migrate.log file in the system's subdirectory inside the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory to determine the cause of the error.
  - b Look for and correct any remaining errors. If you have made corrections, rerun the SAS Migration Utility with the `-replace` option.
- 3 Review the migration status messages for the products:
- a In the subdirectory named AnalysisReport, open the FullReport.html file and review the messages.  
  
There are migration status messages for each product. This report indicates whether you must upgrade any products or install patches before migration can be completed.
  - b Run the SAS Migration Utility again after you install any patches.
  - c Look for and correct any remaining error messages before you continue.
  - d Examine all warning messages.  
  
**Note:** Warning messages are for informational purposes and are expected on most systems. For example, a warning message appears in the Analysis Report for each data directory found in metadata that exists outside of the SAS Configuration directory. If these data directories are needed in the SAS 9.4 installation, migrate them manually.
- 4 Perform these additional checks to verify that data has been backed up correctly:
- Note:** On the middle tier, ignore these steps.
- a In the `metadatasrv` subdirectory, verify the existence of these subdirectories: `MetadataRepositories` and `rposmgr`.
  - b In the `MetadataRepositories` subdirectory, verify the existence of one subdirectory for each metadata repository.
  - c In the `spmdatatier` subdirectory, verify the existence of an `sql` subdirectory that contains the file named `spm.sql` and might contain `sassdm.sql`.

---

## Repeat for Each System

Repeat the steps in “Run the SAS Migration Utility” on page 57 and “Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package” on page 59 for every other system in this installation (other than client systems).

**Note:** The FullReport.html file shows a failure (X) for the SAS Metadata Server Product when the smu.exe is run on any tier other than the metadata server system.

# 12

## Single-Tier Installation

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### Overview

Read the instructions in this chapter. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.3 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.3 or 5.4 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.
- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically,

given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.

- **SAS Enterprise Guide mode or SAS Add-in for Microsoft Office mode:** It is recommended that you select **64-bit Native Mode**.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

---

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## 3. Perform the Post-Migration Tasks

Perform the post-migration tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”



# 13

## Multi-Tier Installation

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### Overview

For multi-tier installations, read the instructions in this chapter before you install SAS Strategy Management. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

### Separate Metadata Tier Installation

If the data tier and metadata tier are on the same system, go to [“Data Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 64](#).

Otherwise, complete the following steps:

- 1 Run the Software Deployment Wizard on the metadata tier first.  
Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- 2 If you are performing a migration installation, select **Perform migration** when the Migration Information page appears.
- 3 After you complete the installation and configuration of the metadata tier, go to [“Data Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 64](#).

## Data Tier Installation on the Target System

### Overview

Complete the following installation and configuration steps for installation and migration on the data tier (the system on which you installed the MySQL Server) and on which you plan to install the SAS Strategy Management data-tier software.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.3 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.3 or 5.4 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.
- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically, given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.
- **SAS Enterprise Guide mode or SAS Add-in for Microsoft Office mode:** It is recommended that you select **64-bit Native Mode**.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION! Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.**

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

Next, go to [“Installation on Additional Tiers”](#) on page 65.

---

## Installation on Additional Tiers

Complete the following steps on every other tier (excluding client systems).

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard.

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software**.
- **Perform migration:** When the Migration Information page appears, select **Perform migration**.

### 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## Post-Migration

After you install and configure all the systems (other than client systems), perform the post-migration tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”



# Part 4

## Migrating from SAS Strategy Management 5.5 to Version 5.6 on SAS 9.4

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# 14

## Overview

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### Choosing How to Migrate From Version 5.5 to 5.6

If you have a SAS Strategy Management 5.5 installation on SAS 9.4, you can install Version 5.6 in one of the following ways:

- by migrating from your Version 5.5 installation to a Version 5.6 installation.

A *migrated* installation runs the SAS Migration Utility on each tier of the installation to extract content and metadata and create a migration package. You use this package later to supply content during the installation and configuration in a new deployment. The new deployment might have additional products installed and configured in it that did not exist in the previous installation. The migrated installation enables your users to continue to use SAS Strategy Management 5.5 while you install Version 5.6.

**Note:** When you follow these steps, you rely on the SAS Software Depot to accomplish the migration. If the version of SAS Strategy Management in the SAS Software Depot does not match the version in your installation (for example, Version 5.6 instead of Version 5.61), the software installation can vary and is not a perfect copy of the source installation of SAS Strategy Management.

To perform a migrated installation, see the following chapters:

- [Chapter 15, “Preliminary Tasks,” on page 71](#)
- [Chapter 16, “Single-Tier Installation,” on page 75](#)
- [Chapter 17, “Multi-Tier Installation,” on page 77](#)

- by upgrading your Version 5.5 installation in its current location to a Version 5.6 installation.

An *upgrade-in-place* method installs SAS Strategy Management 5.6 by copying the product files directly over the SAS Strategy Management 5.5 installation. The upgrade-in-place method has the advantage of being faster than a migrated installation. However, because the Version 5.6 installation overlays the files of the Version 5.5 installation, the SAS Strategy Management installation is unavailable for users during the upgrade-in-place process. Also, it is strongly recommended that you create full backups of the systems involved before this process starts.

To perform an upgrade-in-place installation, see [Chapter 18, “Upgrade-In-Place Installation,” on page 81](#).

When your installation is complete, see [Chapter 25, “Changes in Version 5.6,” on page 111](#) to learn about changes in Version 5.6 from previous versions of SAS Strategy Management.

**Note:** If your current installation is on:

- SAS 9.1.3 and you want to migrate to SAS 9.4, go to “Part 1. Migrating from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2.” Then, go to “Part 2. Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4.”
- SAS 9.2 and you want to migrate to SAS 9.4, go to “Part 2. Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4.”
- SAS 9.3 and you want to migrate to SAS 9.4, go to “Part 3. Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4.”



# 15

## Preliminary Tasks

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## Install the SAS Migration Utility 9.4

The SAS Migration Utility is a tool that packages content from the SAS 9.4 installation so that the content can be migrated to a new SAS 9.4 installation. For more information about the SAS Migration Utility, see *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*.

To install the SAS Migration Utility on Windows:

- 1 Locate the directory named `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94`, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.

The `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94` directory contains the smu94 executable file 64-bit Microsoft Windows operating systems, and UNIX operating systems; the smu.properties.template file; and possibly other files and directories.

- 2 Copy the contents of the `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94` directory to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.4 installation. For example, create `C:\Program Files\SAS\SASMigrationUtility\9.4` and copy the files there.

On UNIX, use FTP to send the files from the depot to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.4 installation.

## Run the SAS Migration Utility

Before you run the SAS Migration Utility, create a shared directory on the network that is available to all of the systems in the installation. This directory becomes the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory. All SAS Migration Utility output from all systems is stored in this directory.

Then perform the following steps on each system that you want to migrate. Begin with the system that is running the SAS 9.4 metadata server:

- 1 Navigate to the directory where you copied the contents of the `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94` directory, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.
- 2 Copy the `smu.properties.template` file to `smu.properties`.
- 3 Edit the `smu.properties` file with a text editor.

**Note:** The `smu.properties` file is in the Java properties file format. The following format rules are most important to apply when you are editing the `smu.properties` file:

- Lines that begin with the `#` character are comments and have no effect.
- Backslash characters (`\`) must be doubled or typed as single forward slashes. For example, `C:\\Program Files\\SAS` and `C:/Program Files/SAS`.

- 4 Review the entire `smu.properties` file and change property settings as necessary.

The comments in the file explain each property that must be set. This table explains some specific properties:

Property	Description
SMU.Output.Dir	This property contains the path to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory. Enter the path to the shared directory that you created in step 1.
SMU.password	The <code>smu.properties</code> comments state that the <code>SMU.password</code> property value must be encoded in the <code>{sas001}</code> format using the PWENCODE procedure. However, a plain-text password is also accepted. If you choose to specify a plain-text password, then, for security purposes, erase this password immediately after you run the SAS Migration Utility.
SMU.SASROOT	For systems on which SAS is installed, enter the path to the <code>!SASROOT</code> directory. For example, enter one of the following:  <code>SMU.SASROOT=C:\\Program Files\\SAS\\SAS 9.4</code> or <code>SMU.SASROOT=/usr/local/SAS/SAS_9.4</code> On a middle-tier system, comment out this property.
SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.userid SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.password	Enter the user ID and password that are required for the platform migration. Typically, the user ID is that of the database administrative owner (dbmsowner). This user ID is also required for SAS Strategy Management migration. For more information, see <i>SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide</i> .

- 5 Complete the applicable step:

For Windows	<p>Open a command window in the directory in which you installed the SAS Migration Utility and submit the following command:</p> <pre>smu94_x64.exe -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory \smu.properties" -replace</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> In the previous commands, <i>full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties</i> must be enclosed in double quotation marks only if there is a space in the pathname.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You must specify the full path to the <i>smu.properties</i> file in the <i>-PROPERTIES</i> option, even though the <i>smu.properties</i> file is in the current directory (the same directory as the <i>smu.exe</i> file). Because <i>smu.exe</i> is actually a self-extracting archive, it extracts the complete program into a separate temporary directory and runs it from there.</p> <p>After a few seconds, a second command window appears with the SAS Migration Utility console output.</p>
For UNIX	<p>Submit the following command (line break added for readability):</p> <pre>./smu94.sh -- -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage -properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The output directory should not be the same as the SAS Migration Utility installation directory.</p>

## 6 Wait for the SAS Migration Utility to finish running.

Check the output as described in [“Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package” on page 73](#).

# Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package

In the previous section, you set the *SMU.Output.Dir* property in the *smu.properties* file to point to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory, the directory under which all migrated content is stored.

There is a subdirectory in the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory named after each system on which you run SAS Migration Utility. Inside this subdirectory are many other subdirectories. Each subdirectory contains backed-up content from a particular SAS product. (Some directories might be empty.)

To check the SAS Migration Utility migration package:

- 1 After *smu94\_x64.exe* finishes running, check the final few lines of output in the command window to determine whether the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages.
- 2 If the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages, take these steps:
  - a View the *migrate.log* file in the system's subdirectory inside the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory to determine the cause of the error.

- b** Look for and correct any remaining errors. If you have made corrections, rerun the SAS Migration Utility with the `-replace` option.
- 3** Review the migration status messages for the products:
  - a** In the subdirectory named `AnalysisReport`, open the `FullReport.html` file and review the messages.  
 There are migration status messages for each product. This report indicates whether you must upgrade any products or install patches before migration can be completed.
  - b** Run the SAS Migration Utility again after you install any patches.
  - c** Look for and correct any remaining error messages before you continue.
  - d** Examine all warning messages.  
**Note:** Warning messages are for informational purposes and are expected on most systems. For example, a warning message appears in the Analysis Report for each data directory found in metadata that exists outside of the SAS Configuration directory. If these data directories are needed in the SAS 9.4 installation, migrate them manually.
- 4** Perform these additional checks to verify that data has been backed up correctly:
  - Note:** On the middle tier, ignore these steps.
  - a** In the `metadatasrv` subdirectory, verify the existence of these subdirectories: `MetadataRepositories` and `rposmgr`.
  - b** In the `MetadataRepositories` subdirectory, verify the existence of one subdirectory for each metadata repository.
  - c** In the `spmdatatier` subdirectory, verify the existence of a `sql` subdirectory that contains the file `spm.sql`.

---

## Repeat for Each System

Repeat the steps in “[Run the SAS Migration Utility](#)” on page 71 and “[Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package](#)” on page 73 for every other system in this installation (other than client systems).

# 16

## Single-Tier Installation

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### Overview

Read the instructions in this chapter. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.4 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.5 or 5.6 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.
- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically,

given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

---

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## 3. Perform the Post-Migration Tasks

Perform the post-migration tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”

# 17

## Multi-Tier Installation

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---

### Overview

For multi-tier installations, read the instructions in this chapter before you install SAS Strategy Management. Then follow the installation steps in *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

---

### Separate Metadata Tier Installation

If the data tier and metadata tier are on the same system, go to [“Data-Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 78](#).

Otherwise, complete the following steps:

- 1 Run the Software Deployment Wizard on the metadata tier first.  
Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- 2 If you are performing a migration installation, select **Perform migration** when the Migration Information page appears.
- 3 After you complete the installation and configuration of the metadata tier, go to [“Data-Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 78](#).

## Data-Tier Installation on the Target System

### Overview

Complete the following installation and configuration steps for installation and migration on the data tier (the system on which you installed the MySQL Server) and on which you plan to install the SAS Strategy Management data-tier software.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.4 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.5 or 5.6 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.
- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically, given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.



## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

Next, go to [“Installation on Additional Tiers”](#) on page 79.

---

## Installation on Additional Tiers

Complete the following steps on every other tier (excluding client systems).

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard.

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software**.
- **Perform migration:** When the Migration Information page appears, select **Perform migration**.

### 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## Post-Migration Tasks

Perform the post-migration tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”

After you install and configure all the systems (other than client systems), perform the post-migration tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”



# 18

## Upgrade-In-Place Installation

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### What Is Upgrade in Place?

If you have a SAS Strategy Management 5.5 installation, you can upgrade the installation to Version 5.6 by using the information in this chapter.

An *upgrade-in-place* method installs SAS Strategy Management 5.6 by copying the product files directly over the SAS Strategy Management 5.5 installation. The upgrade-in-place method has the advantage of being faster than a migrated installation. However, because the Version 5.6 installation overlays the files of the Version 5.5 installation, the SAS Strategy Management installation is unavailable for users during the upgrade-in-place process. Also, it is strongly recommended that you create full backups of the systems involved before this process starts.

### Requirements

You must ensure that you have read the *SAS Intelligence Platform: Guide to Software Updates*. Ensure that you understand the following chapters:

- “Chapter 7. Undeploying SAS Web Applications”
- “Chapter 12. Installing a Software Update”

**CAUTION!** It is strongly recommended that you perform a full system backup of all systems and tiers which will be affected by the upgrade. In some cases, the backup might be the only feasible restoration option in a multi-system installation.

---

## Preliminary Tasks

- 1 Undeploy Java web applications by following the instructions in the *SAS Intelligence Platform: Guide to Software Updates*, Chapter 7.
- 2 Read the *SAS Intelligence Platform: Guide to Software Updates*, “Chapter 4. Update Operating Environments and Third-Party Software” for Java Development Kit (JDK) and Java Runtime Environment requirements.
- 3 If you are upgrading a system that has been re-hosted or has had the multicast address manually updated since the original installation, you must edit the `midtier.multicast.address` property before shutting down the metadata server.

Use SAS Metabrowse to edit the Public Notes TextStore of the Deployment Properties – GlobalRoot SoftwareComponent to change the TextStore’s `midtier.multicast.address` property value to match the current setting for the `multicast.address` property value setting in the following file: `SASconfig/level/Web/Applications/RemoteServices/environment.properties`, where *SASconfig* is the installation directory for SAS Configuration and *level* is the directory for the installation level.

**Note:** You do not need to change the multicast address if you are upgrading the SAS Strategy Management software on the SAS 9.4 platform. It is required only if customer-supplied applications that used the feature are deployed on the SAS 9.4 platform.

---

## Upgrade the SAS Strategy Management Product Files

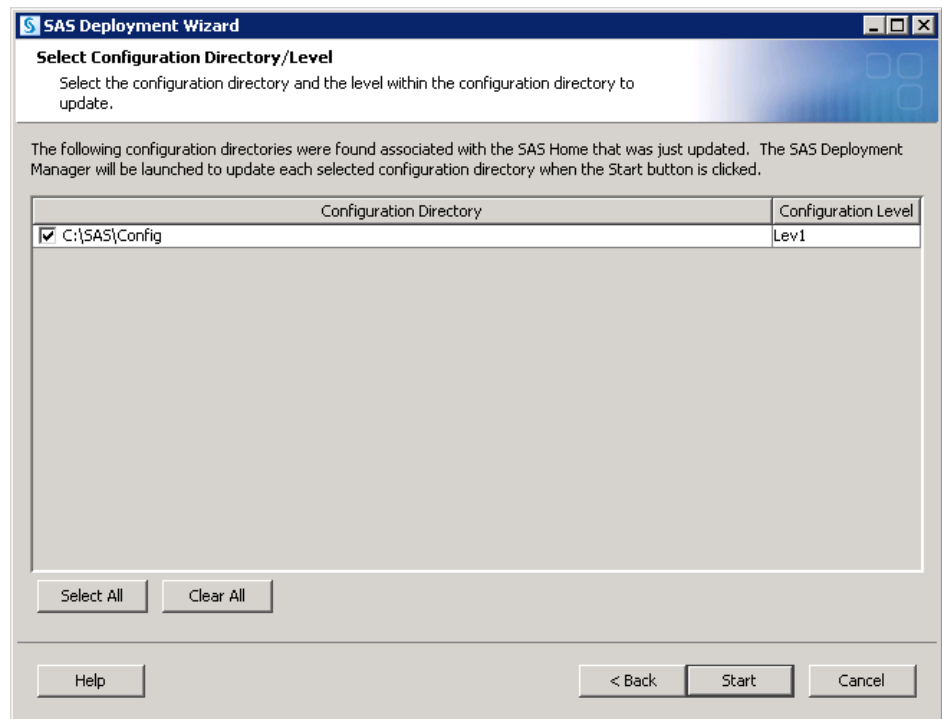
The following procedure does not include all of the steps that you must complete. Instead, this procedure describes steps that are specific to the SAS Strategy Management upgrade. To review the entire upgrade procedure, follow the instructions in the section called “Install and Configure a Software Update” in the *SAS Intelligence Platform: Guide to Software Updates*.

- 1 Terminate all active SAS sessions, daemons, spawners, and servers and start the SAS Deployment Wizard from your SAS Software Depot.

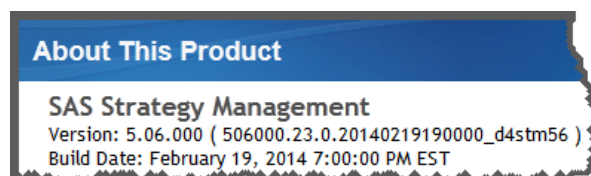
**Note:** For multi-system installations, the order of installation must be the same order as in the original installation.

The SAS Deployment Wizard starts in Update mode on each system. The wizard updates the product directories that are located in `SASinstallationdir/SASHOME`. For example, on the data tier system in `SASinstallationdir/SASHOME/SASStrategyManagementDatatier`, the wizard adds a 5.6 directory next to the existing 5.5 directory.

After the installation deployment phase of the SAS Deployment Wizard is completed, the SAS Deployment Wizard starts the SAS Deployment Manager which displays the Select Configuration Directory/Level window.



- 2 Select your configuration directory and click **Start**. The SAS Deployment Manager starts.
- 3 Answer the configuration prompts displayed by the SAS Deployment Manager. Ensure that in the SAS Solutions Services Extensions for SAS Strategy Management window, you select **Strategy Management 5.6**.  
When you have answered all of the configuration prompts, the SAS Deployment Manager displays a Summary window.
- 4 Review your selections and then click **Start**.
- 5 When the configuration is completed, validate the upgrade by starting the SAS Strategy Management Builder. Click **Help ► About**. The About window displays the following version and build date.



**Note:** If you plan to install the SAS Visual Analytics Report Services, you might want to perform additional site-specific installation validations before proceeding.



# Part 5

## Fully Promoting a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 Installation to Another System

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# 19

## Overview

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### Migrating Version 5.6 to Another System

If you have a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 installation and you want to migrate (copy) it to another system, you can do so by completing the steps described in this part (Part 5) of the *SAS Strategy Management 5.6: Migration Guide*. When you follow these steps, you rely on the SAS Software Depot to accomplish the migration. If the version of SAS Strategy Management in the SAS Software Depot does not match the version in your installation (for example, Version 5.6 instead of Version 5.61, the software installation can vary and is not a perfect copy of the source installation of SAS Strategy Management.



# 20

## Preliminary Tasks

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## Install the SAS Migration Utility 9.4

The SAS Migration Utility is a tool that packages content from the SAS 9.4 installation so that the content can be migrated to a new SAS 9.4 installation. For more information about the SAS Migration Utility, see *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*.

To install the SAS Migration Utility on Windows:

- 1 Locate the directory named `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94`, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.

The `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94` directory contains the `smu94` executable file 64-bit Microsoft Windows operating systems, and UNIX operating systems; the `smu.properties.template` file; and possibly other files and directories.

- 2 Copy the contents of the `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94` directory to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.4 installation. For example, create `C:\Program Files\SAS\SASMigrationUtility\9.4` and copy the files there.

On UNIX, use FTP to send the files from the depot to a new directory on each of the systems in your SAS 9.4 installation.

---

## Run the SAS Migration Utility

Before you run the SAS Migration Utility, create a shared directory on the network that is available to all of the systems in the installation. This directory becomes the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory. All SAS Migration Utility output from all systems is stored in this directory.

Then perform the following steps on each system that you want to migrate. Begin with the system that is running the SAS 9.4 metadata server:

- 1 Navigate to the directory where you copied the contents of the `SASSoftwareDepot\utilities\smu94` directory, where `SASSoftwareDepot` is the directory where you downloaded the SAS Software Depot.
- 2 Copy the `smu.properties.template` file to `smu.properties`.
- 3 Edit the `smu.properties` file with a text editor.

**Note:** The `smu.properties` file is in the Java properties file format. The following format rules are most important to apply when you are editing the `smu.properties` file:

- Lines that begin with the `#` character are comments and have no effect.
- Backslash characters (`\`) must be doubled or typed as single forward slashes. For example, `C:\\Program Files\\SAS` and `C:/Program Files/SAS`.

- 4 Review the entire `smu.properties` file and change property settings as necessary.

The comments in the file explain each property that must be set. This table explains some specific properties:

Property	Description
SMU.Output.Dir	This property contains the path to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory. Enter the path to the shared directory that you created in step 1.
SMU.password	The <code>smu.properties</code> comments state that the <code>SMU.password</code> property value must be encoded in the <code>{sas001}</code> format using the PWENCODE procedure. However, a plain-text password is also accepted. If you choose to specify a plain-text password, then, for security purposes, erase this password immediately after you run the SAS Migration Utility.
SMU.SASROOT	For systems on which SAS is installed, enter the path to the <code>!SASROOT</code> directory. For example, enter one of the following:  <code>SMU.SASROOT=C:\\Program Files\\SAS\\SAS 9.4</code>  or  <code>SMU.SASROOT=/usr/local/SAS/SAS_9.4</code>  On a middle-tier system, comment out this property.
SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.userid SMU.webinfpltfm.dbms.password	Enter the user ID and password that are required for the platform migration. Typically, this user ID is that of the database administrative owner (dbmsowner). This user ID is also required for SAS Strategy Management migration. For more information, see <i>SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide</i> .

- 5 Complete the applicable step:

For Windows	<p>Open a command window in the directory in which you installed the SAS Migration Utility and submit the following command:</p> <pre>smu94_x64.exe -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory \smu.properties" -replace</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> In the previous commands, <i>full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties</i> must be enclosed in double quotation marks only if there is a space in the pathname.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You must specify the full path to the <i>smu.properties</i> file in the <i>-PROPERTIES</i> option, even though the <i>smu.properties</i> file is in the current directory (the same directory as the <i>smu.exe</i> file). Because <i>smu.exe</i> is actually a self-extracting archive, it extracts the complete program into a separate temporary directory and runs it from there.</p> <p>After a few seconds, a second command window appears with the SAS Migration Utility console output.</p>
For UNIX	<p>Submit the following command (line break added for readability):</p> <pre>./smu94.sh -- -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage -properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The output directory should not be the same as the SAS Migration Utility installation directory.</p>

## 6 Wait for the SAS Migration Utility to finish running.

Check the output as described in [“Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package” on page 91](#).

# Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package

In the previous section, you set the *SMU.Output.Dir* property in the *smu.properties* file to point to the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory, the directory under which all migrated content is stored.

There is a subdirectory in the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory named after each system on which you run SAS Migration Utility. Inside this subdirectory are many other subdirectories. Each subdirectory contains backed-up content from a particular SAS product. (Some directories might be empty.)

To check the SAS Migration Utility migration package:

- 1 After *smu94\_x64.exe* finishes running, check the final few lines of output in the command window to determine whether the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages.
- 2 If the SAS Migration Utility produced error messages, take these steps:
  - a View the *migrate.log* file in the system's subdirectory inside the SAS Migration Utility migration package directory to determine the cause of the error.

- b** Look for and correct any remaining errors. If you have made corrections, rerun the SAS Migration Utility with the `-replace` option.
- 3** Review the migration status messages for the products:
  - a** In the subdirectory named `AnalysisReport`, open the `FullReport.html` file and review the messages.  
 There are migration status messages for each product. This report indicates whether you must upgrade any products or install patches before migration can be completed.
  - b** Run the SAS Migration Utility again after you install any patches.
  - c** Look for and correct any remaining error messages before you continue.
  - d** Examine all warning messages.  
**Note:** Warning messages are for informational purposes and are expected on most systems. For example, a warning message appears in the Analysis Report for each data directory found in metadata that exists outside of the SAS Configuration directory. If these data directories are needed in the SAS 9.4 installation, migrate them manually.
- 4** Perform these additional checks to verify that data has been backed up correctly:
  - Note:** On the middle tier, ignore these steps.
  - a** In the `metadatasrv` subdirectory, verify the existence of these subdirectories: `MetadataRepositories` and `rposmgr`.
  - b** In the `MetadataRepositories` subdirectory, verify the existence of one subdirectory for each metadata repository.
  - c** In the `spmdatatier` subdirectory, verify the existence of a `sql` subdirectory that contains the file `spm.sql`.

---

## Repeat for Each System

Repeat the steps in “[Run the SAS Migration Utility](#)” on page 89 and “[Check the SAS Migration Utility Migration Package](#)” on page 91 for every other system in this installation (other than client systems).

# 21

## Single-Tier Installation

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### Overview

Read the instructions in this chapter. Then follow the installation steps in the *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.4 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.5 or 5.6 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.
- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically,

given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

---

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## 3. Perform the Post-Promotion Tasks

Perform the post-promotion tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”



# 22

## Multi-Tier Installation

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### Overview

For multi-tier installations, read the instructions in this chapter before you install SAS Strategy Management. Then follow the installation steps in *Installation Instructions for Release 5.6 of SAS Strategy Management*.

### Separate Metadata Tier Installation

If the data tier and metadata tier are on the same system, go to [“Data-Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 96](#).

Otherwise, complete the following steps:

- 1 Run the Software Deployment Wizard on the metadata tier first.  
Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- 2 If you are performing a migration installation, select **Perform migration** when the Migration Information page appears.
- 3 After you complete the installation and configuration of the metadata tier, go to [“Data-Tier Installation on the Target System” on page 96](#).

---

## Data-Tier Installation on the Target System

### Overview

Complete the following installation and configuration steps for installation and migration on the data tier (the system on which you installed the MySQL Server) and on which you plan to install the SAS Strategy Management data-tier software.

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard, making the following selections:

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software** as the deployment type.
- **Perform migration:** If you are migrating content from a SAS 9.4 system that has SAS Strategy Management Version 5.5 or 5.6 content, select **Perform Migration** when the **Migration Information** page appears.

In the **SAS Migration Utility Package Directory** field, type or navigate to the shared directory in which the SAS Migration Utility stored its output.

Refer to the following notes when you are responding to prompts in the SAS Deployment Wizard:

- **Internal Accounts:** It is recommended that you select **Use SAS internal accounts when appropriate** on the Deployment Accounts wizard page. See [“Create Operating System Accounts” on page 39](#).
- **External accounts:** When you are asked for the user name and password of an external account, check the domain name prefix carefully to ensure that it is correct for your site. The domain name prefix from a previously migrated system might still be in use.
- **Server context:** The SAS Deployment Wizard presents several pages in which you must select the application server context. During migration, the correct application server context might not be selected by default. Typically, given the choice between the SAS metadata server context (SASMeta) and SAS application server (SASApp), you should choose SASApp.

When the Deployment Summary page appears, the SAS Deployment Wizard has finished collecting installation and configuration input. This is your last opportunity to go back and change any information that you have provided in previous pages before the wizard begins writing to your system. Before you proceed with a migration, make sure that the input that you have provided to the SAS Deployment Wizard is correct.

**CAUTION!** Incorrect user input such as user ID and passwords causes all or portions of your migration to fail.

For detailed information, see the installation guides for SAS Intelligence Platform.

## 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

Next, go to [“Installation on Additional Tiers”](#) on page 97.

---

## Installation on Additional Tiers

Complete the following steps on every other tier (excluding client systems).

### 1. Run the SAS Deployment Wizard

Run the SAS Deployment Wizard.

- **Deployment type:** Select both **Install SAS Software** and **Configure SAS Software**.
- **Perform migration:** When the Migration Information page appears, select **Perform migration**.

### 2. Perform the Instructions.html Tasks

Follow the steps in the Instructions.html file.

---

## Post-Promotion Tasks

Perform the post-promotion tasks as described in “Part 6. Post Process Tasks.”



# Part 6

## Post Process Tasks

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# 23

## Manual Migration of Select Features

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### Overview

This chapter contains tasks that must be performed after you complete the steps for either of the following processes:

- installation and migration
- system promotion

**Note:** A fully-promoted system should, with few exceptions, be identical in content and functionality to the original system except that it might be differently hosted. This chapter contains tasks that must be performed after the full promotion of one SAS Strategy Management 5.6 installation to another is complete.

Completing the tasks in this chapter requires the following:

- You must have completed the steps that are outlined for your applicable migration or system promotion.
- You must have access to SAS Management Console in the SAS 9.4 installation.

---

## Apply File Permissions

Before you perform any of the tasks in this chapter, apply file permissions as described in the *SAS Strategy Management: System Administration Guide*. Otherwise, some tasks in this chapter will fail.

In particular, apply the following permissions to the *SAS-config-dir* \Lev1\SASMain\Data directory and its subdirectories:

---

For Windows installations	Grant Full Control to SAS General Server User (sassrv). Grant Read/Write/Modify permission to users who run ETL or SAS jobs to update data in the warehouse.
For UNIX installations	Permit full access for the SAS General Server User (sassrv). Grant Read/Write/Execute permission to subdirectories for users who run ETL or SAS jobs through the use of group permissions.

---

---

## Complete the Migration of Specific Features

The content that you must manually migrate is listed as items excluded in the “What Can Be Migrated?” section of the *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*.

For system promotions, these items include:

- autoexec files and sasv9.cfg
- custom portlet code
- custom metadata

Depending on the installation that you are migrating, some features are not migrated or are not completely migrated. Review the following table to determine if your installation contains any of the affected features.



Table 23.1 Feature Migration

Affected Versions	Feature	Migrated	Not Migrated
5.1 5.2	My Favorites portlet	<p>Any Solutions Services My Favorites portlet that contains links to SAS Strategy Management is migrated to a SAS Information Delivery Portal Collections portlet. The Collections portlet uses the same name and is located on the same portal page as the original My Favorites portlet.</p> <p>The Collections portlet now provides the Strategy Management links to Manage Scorecard Projects and Templates, and New Strategy Management Scorecard.</p>	<p>The following content is not migrated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>any links in a My Favorites portlet that are not to SAS Strategy Management</li> <li>My Favorites portlets that do not contain any links to SAS Strategy Management</li> </ul>
Time and hierarchy dimension definitions			
		<p>Time and Hierarchy dimension definitions are migrated from the Solutions SASSDM to be internally managed within the SPM database. These migrations are usually transparent to users.</p> <p>Time dimension hierarchies that are used by projects in SAS Strategy Management Versions 5.1, 5.2, or 5.3 are migrated into a SAS Strategy Management Time hierarchy definition with the same dimension name. If a hierarchy-based project that includes a scorecard hierarchy was created and synchronized with an FM/ODCS dimension hierarchy, the project continues to function but is no longer synchronized with the FM/ODCS hierarchies.</p>	<p>Time hierarchies that are migrated are no longer maintained using SAS Financial Management Studio or Solutions Dimension Editor. You can maintain the migrated Time hierarchies by using the SAS Strategy Management Time Period Set wizard. The wizard is a new feature in SAS Strategy Management Builder. For more information, see the <b>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide</b>.</p>
5.3 5.4	Collections portlet	The Collections portlet provides the Strategy Management links for Manage Scorecard Projects and Templates, and New Strategy Management Scorecard.	Any links to data-entry forms are not migrated. As of SAS Strategy Management 5.4, the Strategy Management Data Entry portlet provides access to data-entry forms and workflow. For more information, see the <b>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: User's Guide</b> .
5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Links in table cell	Table cell links are now consolidated and collected into one location. You can now manage links by using the Manage Links wizard. For more information, see the <b>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: User's Guide</b> .	Document Manager directives for opening SAS Strategy Management content are not migrated. In some cases, these directives have been replaced with the project-managed links for cell links.
SAS Information Maps for SAS Strategy Management		Fully migrated	

Affected Versions	Feature	Migrated	Not Migrated
5.1 5.2 5.3	Custom stored processes	Custom stored processes are migrated if they are located in the <b>SAS-config-dir</b> directory or are stored in metadata.	If a custom stored process is not located in the <b>SAS-config-dir</b> directory or is not stored in metadata, it must be manually migrated. See <a href="#">“Copy Stored Process Files” on page 105</a> .
5.4 5.5 5.6 promotions	Tables that are used with the TABLEC or TABLEN functions in formulas	These tables are not migrated.	You can either move the tables or leave them in their current location. However, you must register the tables in the metadata of the server that is the new location of the migrated installation of SAS Strategy Management.  For information about registering the table, see the <b>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide</b> .
	SAS Strategy Management Dashboard providers	The providers are migrated.	The Web addresses in the providers require manual updating. To correct Web addresses, see <a href="#">“Correct the Web Address” on page 105</a> .
5.5 5.6 promotions	Diagram image files	Diagram files are migrated.	In some installations, diagram image files might require manual copying or uploading. See <a href="#">“Copy Diagram Image Files” on page 106</a> .

---

## Copy Stored Process Files

The SAS migration process migrates only stored processes that are located in the *SAS-config-dir\Lev1* directory or its subdirectories. If your stored processes, such as those used in links, are located in another directory, then execution of the stored processes appears to fail.

To correct the problem:

- If the affected stored process is not located on a common shared network drive, copy the stored process directory and files from the source system to the target system.
- If the file path on the target system is different than the file path on the source system, use SAS Management Console to locate the stored process folder location in metadata. Update the stored process metadata to add or update its Source Code Repository path, using the file path for the stored process on the target system.

**Note:** For more information, see “Migrating Content Stored Outside of the SAS Configuration Directory” in *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*.

---

## Correct the Web Address

Web addresses in SAS Strategy Management providers for SAS BI Dashboard are incorrect after a changehost is performed. The incorrect Web addresses affect the SAS Strategy Management indicators that appear in dashboards.

To correct a Web address in a SAS Strategy Management provider:

- 1 Log on to SAS Management Console.
- 2 Click the **Folders** tab.
- 3 Navigate to the location of the affected SAS Strategy Management provider. This location is the same name as the folder where you accessed the SAS Strategy Management provider in the SAS Information Delivery Portal (for example, Shared Data).
- 4 Right-click the provider that you want to modify. The file has an .imx extension.
- 5 Select **Write Contents to External File**.
- 6 Complete the fields in the target file window and click **Save**.
- 7 In a file navigation window, locate the external file that you just created. Right-click the file and select **Edit**.
- 8 Locate the authenticationServiceURL attribute in the ModelQuery tag.
- 9 Modify this Web address to the correct Web address and save the file.
- 10 In SAS Management Console, right-click the folder that contains the .imx file.

- 11 Select **Add Content From External File(s) or Directories**.
- 12 Navigate to the modified .imx file, select it, and click **Open**.
- 13 (Optional) Add a description.
- 14 Confirm that the original file that is stored in SAS Content Server has been overwritten and replaced.
- 15 Log on to a new SAS BI Dashboard session to confirm your changes.

---

## Tasks for Migrations from Version 5.1 or Version 5.2

### Overview

These tasks apply to those migrating from Version 5.1 or 5.2 installations.

### Correct the Presence of Solutions Users Group

After migration, some projects on the target server might show that SAS Strategy Management objects within the project have Solutions Users group permissions assigned even though no explicit object permissions have been assigned. Click **Project ► Security Administration**. The Security Administration - Project Permissions Display page appears. The Solutions Users group appears in the Identity column for all of the objects in the table.

In a migration installation of SAS Strategy Management, there are installation-wide default object permissions for each type of SAS Strategy Management secured object that was migrated. These default permissions are used for a secured object when there are no explicit or inherited permissions available for that object. If a SAS Strategy Management object is using default permissions, adding a permission overrides the default.

When the administrator adds a new user or group to the affected SAS Strategy Management object, the Solutions Users group no longer appears.

### Review New Roles and Capabilities

**Note:** This task applies to those migrating from Version 5.1 or 5.2 installations.

SAS Strategy Management 5.6 provides some new roles and capabilities. For information, see “Securing Access to SAS Strategy Management” in the *SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide*.

---

## Copy Diagram Image Files

**Note:** This task applies to:

- Version 5.5 installations migrated to Version 5.6

- Version 5.6 installations promoted to another system

Depending on the source system from which you migrated, diagram image files might not be copied during the migration and diagrams seem to fail.

To correct the problem:

- 1 In the SAS Strategy Management Builder, open the Project Options page. Clear or disable the diagram cache. Then, open a diagram to determine whether it is displayed correctly.

- 2 If images are still missing, copy the diagram image files from the source system to the target system in both the WebApp War and CustomContent directories. For example:

- **WebApp:** C:\sas\Config\Lev1\Web\WebAppServer  
  \SASServer11\_1\sas\_webapps\sas.strategymanagement.war  
  \images\customer
- **CustomContent:** C:\sas\Config\Lev1\Web\Common  
  \SASServer11\SASStrategyManagement5.6\CustomContent\wars  
  \sas.strategymanagement\images\customer



## 24

## Validate the Installation

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---

### Validate the Installation

After you perform the post-migration tasks, validate the installation:

- 1 Perform the post-configuration tasks that are described in “Performing Post-Configuration Steps” in the *SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide*.
- 2 Perform the validation tasks that are described in the `Instructions.html` file on the middle tier.
- 3 Check for content that you know is present in the source SAS configuration.

You can also run the authorization differences reports. Those reports are described in the “Performing Post-migration Tasks” chapter of the *SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform: Migration Guide*. These reports identify differences in access to libraries, tables, folders, OLAP schemas, and cubes between the source and target SAS installations. See also *What's New in SAS 9.4 Intelligence Platform* and *What's New in SAS Information Delivery Portal*.

For more information about changes that are specific to SAS Strategy Management, see “What's New in SAS Strategy Management 5.6” in the *SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide*.





# 25

## Changes in Version 5.6

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---

### SAS 9.4 Support

SAS 9.4 contains some key enhancements including an embedded middle-tier web application server and support for only 64-bit Windows environments.

---

### SAS Web Application Server Support

SAS Strategy Management no longer requires or supports external third-party application servers (JBoss, WebSphere, and WebLogic). Some of the benefits of this new feature include the following:

- cost reduction by eliminating external application servers
- higher availability by eliminating remote services
- integrated support for enterprise authentication systems, including WebSEAL, SiteMinder, and IWA

---

### New Internal Database

SAS Strategy Management, Versions 5.5 and 5.6, includes a new internal database, PostgreSQL. SAS Strategy Management directly accesses and updates the database. IT maintenance and administration are not required. This database is fully supported by SAS Technical Support.

---

## Removal of ODCS Support

SAS Strategy Management 5.6 does not provide support for ODCS and the sharing of hierarchies with SAS Financial Management.

If you have migrated from a SAS Strategy Management Version 5.1, 5.2, or 5.3 installation to a SAS Strategy Management Version 5.6 installation, Time and Hierarchy dimension definitions are migrated from the Solutions SASSDM to be internally managed within the SPM database. These migrations are usually transparent to users.

Time dimension hierarchies that are used by projects in SAS Strategy Management Versions 5.1, 5.2, or 5.3 are migrated into a SAS Strategy Management Time hierarchy definition with the same dimension name. If a hierarchy-based project that includes a scorecard hierarchy was created and synchronized with an FM/ODCS dimension hierarchy, the project continues to function but is no longer synchronized with the FM/ODCS hierarchies.

Time hierarchies that are migrated are no longer maintained using SAS Financial Management Studio or Solutions Dimension Editor. You can maintain the migrated Time hierarchies by using the SAS Strategy Management Time Period Set wizard. The wizard is located in SAS Strategy Management Builder. For more information, see *SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide*.

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## Mobile Support with SAS Visual Analytics Report Services

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### What Is SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services?

If you have a SAS Strategy Management 5.6 installation and the migrated installation does not include SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services, you can install the SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services as an add-on product by using the information in this chapter.

The SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services provides the following support:

- generating SAS Strategy Management views into a SAS report that can be viewed by using the SAS Mobile BI app.
- managing mobile devices and their access to SAS reports

### Requirements

The following procedure does not include all of the steps that you must complete. Instead, this procedure describes steps that are specific to the SAS Strategy Management installation. To understand the entire procedure, ensure that you review the following documentation:

- *SAS Intelligence Platform: Guide to Software Updates*, “Adding a New Product”
- *SAS Intelligence Platform: Installation and Configuration Guide*, “Adding SAS Products”

You must have available the SAS Installation Depot which installed the SAS Strategy Management installation to Version 5.6 or later. The SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services package is included in the customer order. Currently this package is available for Linux (LAX) and Windows Server (WX6) installations.

**CAUTION!** It is strongly recommended that you perform a full system backup of all systems and tiers which will be affected by the add-on installation. In some cases, the backup might be the only feasible restoration option in a multi-system installation.

---

## Install the SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services

You must perform the installation on each tier in the same order as the original installation.

**Note:** If the SAS Installation Depot contains other products that were not previously installed in addition to the SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services, these additional products are added to the installation according to the plan file specifications.

The following instructions exist within the context of the sections called “Add SAS Products that Require Configuration” and “Configuring SAS Products” in *SAS Intelligence Platform: Installation and Configuration Guide*.

- 1 Shut down all SAS services and close all SAS sessions.
- 2 In the **SAS Deployment Wizard**, on the Select Deployment Type page, select **Perform a Planned Deployment**.
- 3 Select **Install SAS Software** and click **Next**.
- 4 On the Specify Deployment Plan page, select **Specify the full path to a customized deployment plan**. Enter the path to the plan or click **Browse** to navigate to and select the location. Click **Next**.
- 5 On the Select Products to Install page, from the **Machine** list, select **Server and Middle Tier**. Click **Next**.
- 6 On the Select SAS Add-in for Microsoft Office Mode page, select **64-bit Native Mode** and click **Next**.
- 7 On the Specify SAS Installation Data File page, enter the path to the file or click **Browse** to navigate to and select the file. Click **Next**.
- 8 On the Select Language Support page, select the language to install. Click **Next**.
- 9 On the Select Microsoft Office Applications page, select the applications that you want to install. Click **Next**.
- 10 On the Checking System page, the SAS Deployment Wizard initializes and checks for conflicts and required space in the file system. When the progress bars indicate complete, click **Next**.

- 11** On the Review Required Software page, review the software that will be installed and click **Next**.
- 12** On the Specify Software Location page, enter the path to the software or click **Browse** to navigate to and select the location. Click **Next**.  
  
**Note:** This step repeats for each software that is listed as required on the Review Required Software page.
- 13** On the Deployment Summary page, review your selections. Then, click **Start**.  
  
Depending on the software components that are being installed, the installation might require that you restart the system. If the system restart is required and the SAS Deployment Wizard does not subsequently restart, you must manually restart the wizard.
- 14** The SAS Deployment Manager opens and asks to configure your location. Click **Cancel**.
- 15** Select **Start ► Administrative Tools ► Services** to start the Microsoft Management Console Snap-in for Managing Services. Shut down the metadata server and other SAS services that might have started when the system restarted.
- 16** Start the SAS Deployment Wizard again.
- 17** Repeat steps 2 through 13. After you click **Start**, the SAS installation resumes.  
  
If the SAS installation requests to restart the system again, click **Cancel**.
- 18** On the Deployment Complete page, the installation reports its status. Click **Next**.
- 19** On the Additional Resources page, click **Finish**.

When the installation is complete, go to [“Configure the SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services” on page 115](#).

---

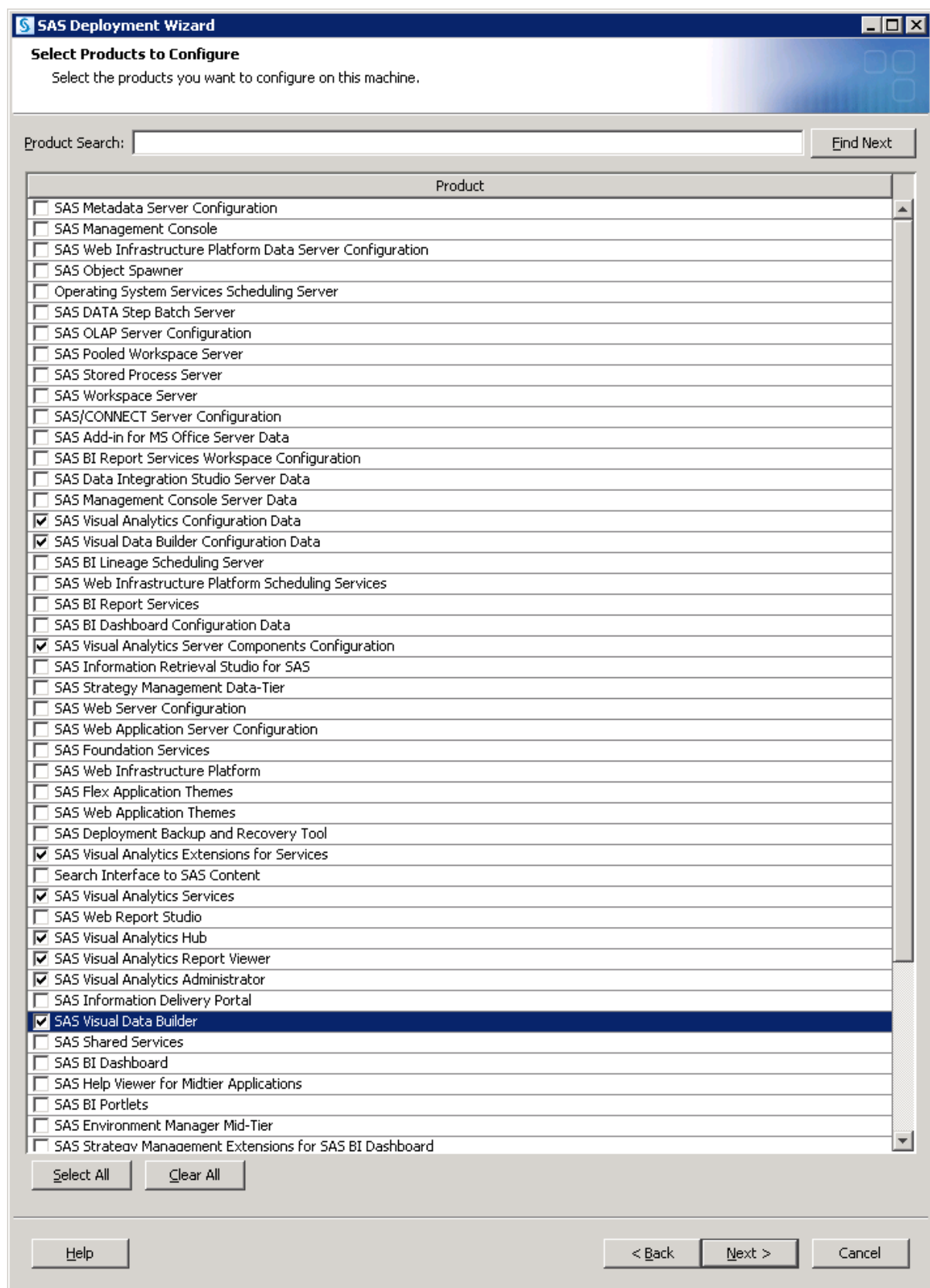
## Configure the SAS Visual Analytics Administration and Reporting Services

You must perform the configuration on each tier in the same order as the original installation.

The following instructions exist within the context of the sections called “Add SAS Products that Require Configuration” and “Configuring SAS Products” in *SAS Intelligence Platform: Installation and Configuration Guide*.

- 1** Shut down all SAS services and close all SAS sessions.
- 2** In the **SAS Deployment Wizard**, on the Select Deployment Task page, select **Install SAS software** click **Next**.
- 3** On the Select Deployment Type page, select **Perform a Planned Deployment**.

- 4 Select **Configure SAS Software** and click **Next**.
- 5 On the Specify Deployment Plan page, select **Specify the full path to a customized deployment plan**. Enter the path to the plan or click **Browse** to navigate to and select the location. Click **Next**.
- 6 On the Select Deployment Step page, from the **Deployment Step** list, select **Step 1: Server and Middle Tier**. Click **Next**.
- 7 On the Checking System page, the SAS Deployment Wizard initializes and checks for conflicts and required space in the file system. When the progress bars indicate complete, click **Next**.
- 8 On the Select Configuration Prompting Level page, select **Typical** and click **Next**.
- 9 On the Specify Configuration Information page, enter the path to the configuration directory or click **Browse** to navigate to and select the location.
- 10 From the **Configuration Level** list, select **Lev1** and click **Next**.
- 11 A confirmation message appears. Click **Yes**.
- 12 On the Select Products to Configure page, ensure that the following selections are made and click **Next**.
  - **SAS Visual Analytics Configuration Data**
  - **SAS Visual Analytics Extensions for Services**
  - **SAS Visual Analytics Services**
  - **SAS Visual Analytics Administrator**



The remaining steps through the SAS Deployment Wizard are documented in *SAS Intelligence Platform: Installation and Configuration Guide* and do not

require any information specific to SAS Strategy Management or SAS Visual Analytics.

- 13** On the Deployment Summary page, review your selections and then click **Start**.
- 14** On the Deployment Complete page, the configuration reports its status. Click **Next** when complete.
- 15** On the Additional Resources page, click **Finish**.





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# Appendix 1

## Partial Promotion Migration

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### Overview

The SAS Migration Utility is the preferred way to migrate from earlier versions of SAS Strategy Management to Version 5.6.

However, for situations in which you cannot use the SAS Migration Utility, you can use the partial promotion tools that are shipped with SAS Strategy Management and additional tools that are available for download from SAS Technical Support as Tool Pool items. These tools are available to both consultants and customers as downloads on or shortly after the official product ship date.

### Situations That Require Partial Promotion

The following situations are examples of when you might use an alternative to the SAS Migration Utility:

- the topology of the two systems is different.
- a site has a SAS 9.4 Enterprise BI Server production environment in which users are actively editing content. At a later date, the site decides to install SAS Strategy Management 5.5 in the SAS Enterprise BI Server environment and to migrate their SAS Strategic Performance Management 2.4 content to SAS Strategy Management 5.5.
- the site has systems in parallel: a production server in use and a new production server.

The SAS Strategy Management production server continues to run on another system (or set of systems). Meanwhile, you prepare a new SAS Strategy Management 5.5 server to be the new production server.

When you are ready to make the SAS Strategy Management 5.5 server the production server, you must move any content changes from the Version 2.4,

5.1, 5.2, 5.3, or 5.4 server to the Version 5.5 server. You can use the partial promotion tools to move this content.

- a site has development, test, and production servers running SAS Strategy Management 5.4.

---

## Tools for Partial Promotion

SAS Strategy Management provides the following tools for partial promotion:

- **Export SQL Files:** See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in *SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide*.
- **Export:** For information about export, see the *SAS Strategy Management 5.5: System Administration Guide*.
- **Batch Maintenance Facility:** For more information, see the following applicable documents:
  - *SAS Strategy Management 5.1: Batch Maintenance Facility User’s Guide*
  - *SAS Strategy Management 5.2: Batch Maintenance Facility User’s Guide*
  - *SAS Strategy Management 5.3: System Administration Guide*
  - *SAS Strategy Management 5.4: System Administration Guide*
  - *SAS Strategy Management 5.5: System Administration Guide*
  - *SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide*

These documents are available at <http://support.sas.com/documentation/onlinedoc/stm/index.html>.

- **SAS Strategy Management Data-tier Migration Tool:** This is a tool script available from SAS Technical Support. The tool performs the same data transformation steps as in the SAS Deployment Wizard spmdatatier migrations without requiring that you run a full migration and installation with SAS Deployment Wizard.

This tool allows direct migration of the SPM database and related content from Versions 2.4, 5.1, 5.2, and 5.3 to Versions 5.3. Full documentation, including usage instructions, capabilities, and limitations, is available with the download from SAS Technical Support.

---

## Release Promotion Procedures for Strategy Management Data

The following table describes the partial promotion procedures for versions of SAS Strategy Management.

**Table A1.1** *Source and Target Versions of SAS Strategy Management and Their Conversion Procedures*

Source	Target	Conversion Procedure
2.4	5.1	Complete the following procedures:
	5.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Export the SQL files from the source installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li><li>■ Use the conversion script that is available from SAS Technical Support. Ask for the conversion script in SAS Note 37807. This script converts the SQL files as part of its processing.</li><li>■ Import the SQL files into the target installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li></ul>

---

Source	Target	Conversion Procedure
2.4	5.3 5.4	<p>There is no conversion script tool available to convert the SQL files. You must complete one of following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ perform a two-phase SAS Migration Utility migration and installation: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 from SAS Strategic Performance Management 2.4 to SAS Strategy Management 5.2. <b>Note:</b> See Part 1. “Migrating from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.4: Migration Guide</i>.</li> <li>2 from SAS Strategy Management 5.2 to SAS Strategy Management 5.4. <b>Note:</b> See Part 2. “Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.3” and Part 3. “Migrating from SAS Strategy Management 5.3 to Version 5.4 on SAS 9.3” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.4: Migration Guide</i>.</li> </ol> </li> <li>■ export, convert, and import the SQL files: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Export the SQL files from the source installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li> <li>2 Run the SAS Strategy Management Data-tier Migration Tool.</li> <li>3 Import the SQL files into the target installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
2.4	5.6	<p>There is no conversion script tool available to convert the SQL files. You must perform a two-phase SAS Migration Utility migration and installation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Phase 1:</b> from SAS Strategic Performance Management 2.4 to SAS Strategy Management 5.2 <b>Note:</b> See Part 1. “Migrating from SAS 9.1.3 to SAS 9.2” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.4: Migration Guide</i>.</li> <li>■ <b>Phase 2:</b> from SAS Strategy Management 5.2 to SAS Strategy Management 5.6 <b>Note:</b> See Part 2. “Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4 in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: Migration Guide</i>.”</li> </ul>

Source	Target	Conversion Procedure
5.1 5.2	5.3 5.4	<p>There is no conversion script tool available to convert the SQL files. You must complete one of following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation from SAS Strategy Management Versions 5.1 or 5.2 to Version 5.3 or 5.4.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> See Part 2. “Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.3” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.4: Migration Guide</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>export, convert, and import the SQL files: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Export the SQL files from the source installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li> <li>Run the SAS Strategy Management Data-tier Migration Tool.</li> <li>Import the SQL files into the target installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
5.1 5.2	5.6	<p>There is no conversion script tool available to convert the SQL files. Perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation from SAS Strategy Management Versions 5.1 or 5.2 to Version 5.6.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See Part 2. “Migrating from SAS 9.2 to SAS 9.4” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: Migration Guide</i>.</p>
5.3	5.3	<p>There is no conversion script tool available to convert the SQL files. You must complete one of following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>perform a same release SAS Migration Utility migration and installation from SAS Strategy Management Versions 5.3 to Version 5.3.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> See <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.4: Migration Guide</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>export, convert, and import the SQL files: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Export the SQL files from the source installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li> <li>Run the SAS Strategy Management Data-tier Migration Tool.</li> <li>Import the SQL files into the target installation of SAS Strategy Management. See “Exporting and Importing Strategy Management Data” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.3: User’s Guide</i>.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

Source	Target	Conversion Procedure
5.3	5.4	<p>Complete one of the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation.  <b>Note:</b> See Part 3. “Migrating from SAS Strategy Management 5.3 to Version 5.4 on SAS 9.3” in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.4: Migration Guide</i>.</li> <li>perform an upgrade-in-place installation.  <b>Note:</b> See the “Upgrade-In-Place Installation” chapter in <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.4: Migration Guide</i>.</li> </ul>
5.3	5.5	Perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation.
	5.6	<b>Note:</b> See Part 3. “Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4” in this book.
5.4	5.4	Complete one of the following procedures:
	5.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation.  <b>Note:</b> See Part 3. “Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4” in this book.</li> </ul>
	5.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>use the Package Export and Import feature that is available in SAS Management Console. SAS Management Console can export and import SAS Strategy Management projects and related content to other Version 5.4, or later, installations. This method is the recommended partial promotion strategy. For more information about this feature, see the <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide</i>.</li> </ul>
5.5	5.5	<p>Complete one of the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation.  <b>Note:</b> See Part 3. “Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4” in this book.</li> <li>use the Package Export and Import feature that is available in SAS Management Console. SAS Management Console can export and import SAS Strategy Management projects and related content to other Version 5.5 installations. This method is the recommended partial promotion strategy. For more information about this feature, see the <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.5: System Administration Guide</i>.</li> </ul>
5.5	5.6	<p>Complete one of the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation.  <b>Note:</b> See Part 3. “Migrating from SAS 9.3 to SAS 9.4” in this book.</li> <li>Perform an upgrade-in-place installation.  <b>Note:</b> See <a href="#">Chapter 18, “Upgrade-In-Place Installation,”</a> on page 81.</li> <li>Use the Package Export and Import feature that is available in SAS Management Console. SAS Management Console can export and import SAS Strategy Management projects and related content to other Version 5.5 installations. This method is the recommended partial promotion strategy. For more information about this feature, see <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.5: System Administration Guide</i>.</li> </ul>



Source	Target	Conversion Procedure
5.6	5.6	<p>Complete one of the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Perform a SAS Migration Utility migration and installation. <b>Note:</b> See Part 4. “Migrating from SAS Strategy Management 5.5 to Version 5.6 on SAS 9.4” in this book.</li><li>■ Use the Package Export and Import feature that is available in SAS Management Console. SAS Management Console can export and import SAS Strategy Management projects and related content to other Version 5.6 installations. This method is the recommended partial promotion strategy. For more information about this feature, see <i>SAS Strategy Management 5.6: System Administration Guide</i>.</li></ul>



# Appendix 2

## Troubleshooting

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## Errors Running the SAS Migration Utility

### Exception Caused by a Missing MySQL Password (SAS Strategy Management 5.4 and Earlier)

The following message appears in the console window where SAS Migration Utility is running:

```
The application script threw an exception: java.lang.Exception:
Missing DBMS_USER_PASSWORD property in SASCONFIG
\mysql dbs.properties
```

SAS Migration Utility is not able to process the DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD\_E property in order to get the encoded MySQL password. It can process only the DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD property that contains the clear-text (unencoded) password, and this property does not exist in the mysql dbs.properties file.

To resolve the problem:

- 1 In the console window where the SAS Migration Utility is running, select 2 to quit if you have not done so already.
- 2 On the data tier of the SAS 9.2 or 9.3 system, edit the *SAS-config-dir* \mysql dbs.properties file and add a line like the following:  
  
DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD=password
- 3 Replace *password* with the clear-text MySQL password. Save the file and rerun SAS Migration Utility on this system.

## 4 Complete the applicable step:

For Windows	<p>Open a command window in the directory in which you installed the SAS Migration Utility and submit the following command:</p> <pre>smu93_x64.exe -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory \smu.properties" -replace</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> In the previous commands, <i>full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties</i> must be enclosed in double quotation marks only if there is a space in the pathname.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You must specify the full path to the <i>smu.properties</i> file in the <i>-PROPERTIES</i> option, even though the <i>smu.properties</i> file is in the current directory (the same directory as the <i>smu.exe</i> file). Because <i>smu.exe</i> is actually a self-extracting archive, it extracts the complete program into a separate temporary directory and runs it from there.</p> <p>After a few seconds, a second command window appears with the SAS Migration Utility console output.</p>
For UNIX	<p>Submit the following command (line break added for readability):</p> <pre>./smu93.sh -- -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage -properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The output directory should not be the same as the SAS Migration Utility installation directory.</p>

- 5 For security, after the SAS Migration Utility completes successfully, delete the *DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD* line from *mysqldb.properties*. Leave the *DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD\_E* line in place.

## Exception Caused by a Missing PostgreSQL Password (SAS Strategy Management 5.5 and Later)

The following message appears in the console window where SAS Migration Utility is running:

```
The application script threw an exception: java.lang.Exception:
Missing DBMS_USER_PASSWORD property in smu.properties
```

SAS Migration Utility is not able to process the *DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD\_E* property in order to get the encoded PostgreSQL password. It can process only the *DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD* property that contains the clear-text (unencoded) password, and this property does not exist in the *mysqldb.properties* file.

To resolve the problem:

- 1 In the console window where the SAS Migration Utility is running, select 2 to quit if you have not done so already.
- 2 On the data tier of the SAS 9.4 system, edit the *smu.properties* file and add a line like the following:

DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD=password

- 3 Replace *password* with the clear-text PostgreSQL password. Save the file and rerun SAS Migration Utility on this system.
- 4 Complete the applicable step:

For Windows	<p>Open a command window in the directory in which you installed the SAS Migration Utility and submit the following command:</p> <pre>smu94_x64.exe -properties "full_path_to_SMU_install_directory \smu.properties" -replace</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> In the previous commands, <i>full_path_to_SMU_install_directory\smu.properties</i> must be enclosed in double quotation marks only if there is a space in the pathname.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You must specify the full path to the <i>smu.properties</i> file in the -PROPERTIES option, even though the <i>smu.properties</i> file is in the current directory (the same directory as the <i>smu.exe</i> file). Because <i>smu.exe</i> is actually a self-extracting archive, it extracts the complete program into a separate temporary directory and runs it from there.</p> <p>After a few seconds, a second command window appears with the SAS Migration Utility console output.</p>
For UNIX	<p>Submit the following command (line break added for readability):</p> <pre>./smu94.sh -- -outputdir /usr/local/SAS/smupackage -properties /usr/local/SAS/smu/smu.properties</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The output directory should not be the same as the SAS Migration Utility installation directory.</p>

- 5 For security, after the SAS Migration Utility completes successfully, delete the DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD line from *smu.properties*. Leave the DBMS\_USER\_PASSWORD\_E line in place.

## Problems Running SAS Data Integration Studio Jobs

### Overview

If you experience difficulties running a migrated job, check the following common issues first.

### Broken Mappings

After the migration process, there might be some broken mappings because of the difference between data models or for other reasons. To fix these problems:

- 1 Open the job in the Job Editor window.

- 2 Click **Map Job** to enable automatic column mapping.

Clicking **Map Job** enables automatic mapping for the transformations in the current job. For more information, see “Maintaining Column Mappings” in the online Help for SAS Data Integration Studio.

- 3 If the transformations are correct, select **File ► Save**.

## Data Access Problems

If there are problems with data access, make sure that table libraries, especially those for custom jobs, are updated to include new data locations, DBMS settings, and similar information.

## Problems with Lookup Transformations

If there are issues with a lookup transformation in a migrated job (for example, a table that does not connect to the lookup), replace the transformation with the **Lookup** transformation found on the **Transformations** tab, in the **Data** directory.